

CODEBOOK

for the

5th edition

of the

**EUROPEAN SOURCEBOOK OF CRIME
AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE STATISTICS**

Covering the years

2007-2011

FINAL VERSION – 12 JULY, 2013

Prepared by

Marcelo F. Aebi

and

Claudia Campistol

Marcelo.Aebi@unil.ch

**EUROPEAN SOURCEBOOK
OF CRIME AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE STATISTICS 5TH EDITION**

Questionnaire covering the years 2007 - 2011

Country:

Date questionnaire completed:

National correspondent's name:

Address:

Telephone number:

Fax number:

Email:

Website:

Please return the completed questionnaire to your regional co-ordinator by 1 January 2013

Regional co-ordinator's name:

Address:

Telephone number:

Fax number:

Email:

Questionnaire version: 21 September 2012

Errata in the 4th edition of the European Sourcebook (2010)

Did you notice any inaccuracies in the fourth edition of the European Sourcebook? It is available online at www.europeansourcebook.org

ERR10A

No	Yes
1	2

If YES:

- a) Indicate page and table numbers **ERR10BA**
- b) Give the revised figures and text **ERR10BB**
- c) Give the source of the revised data **ERR10BC**
- d) Discuss the matter with your regional co-ordinator

General remarks

0. Relation of the Word questionnaire to the online survey

For this fifth edition, final data entry will be made via an online survey which features exactly the same questions as does the Word questionnaire. This Word version of the questionnaire is only foreseen to act as a backup version for the online questionnaire, which might be needed for data gathering and collation before the final data entry session. If you wish to forward this Word version to persons assisting you in filling in the questionnaire, please make sure to always send a full copy, even if the person in question will only provide data for one chapter, and stress the importance of referring to the definitions section as this applies to all chapters.

1. Periods covered by the statistics

- 1.1 The reference periods or dates may change depending on the subject. Some tables cover several years. For example, in Table 1.1 (offences recorded by the police) separate data are requested for 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, and 2011. Other tables refer solely to 2010.
- 1.2 If information is not available for the date (or year) requested, please give information for a date (or year) as close as possible to that requested, and indicate clearly the date (or year) of the information you have given. Please also indicate if the information supplied is provisional or has been estimated.

2. Please make every effort to avoid ambiguity in replies

- 2.1 For any particular item for which you cannot reply, please state whether the item does not apply to your country (e.g. refers to a concept which does not exist in your criminal law or statistical system), or whether no figures are available. In other words, do not leave any question blank.
- 2.2 Each item should be accompanied by one of the following **references**:
 - A number, which may be 0. **Zero means the cases are null** (e.g. no homicides during that year)
 - An **asterisk (*)** to indicate that the statistical **information is not (yet) available** or that the **question / concept does not apply**.
 - **Do not use signs whose meaning is not explicit**, such as '–', '/' etc. Avoid using abbreviations such as 'n.a.' without an explanation.

- 2.3 Where a breakdown is requested (for example, by type of offence) and figures for one item cannot be supplied, please do not simply answer 'information not available'. Instead, indicate in the comments whether you have counted these cases (for which you have no breakdown) under another heading or under the total or whether you have not included them in the breakdown.

3. Back up your replies with additional explanation where appropriate

- 3.1 In the questionnaire, you are asked to comment on the tables and definitions. Do not enclose additional documents although some text clarifying your replies may be helpful. This might be particularly useful where you feel that more explanation is needed on a definition supplied.
- 3.2 In the case of time series, please **explain any gaps** (missing data, major changes in orders of magnitude from one year to another) and **variations in trends** (observed over several years). Reference should be made to major legislative, administrative and even political developments, which may explain such trends. The same is true for changes in statistical recording.

3.3 You are also asked to indicate **the source** of the data supplied for each table. These indications should be in English or French, and should consist solely of the following: if the data are unpublished: *name of the institution and source department; name of the statistical system used*; if the data have been published: *name and date of the publication*.

Example:

Source: Ministry of Justice - Directorate of Prison Administration - Department of Communication, Studies and International Relations: National Register of Prisoners, not published.

or

Source: Based on data taken from 'Crime in England & Wales 2010/11'.

If the source is **available online**, please also provide a **link to the website** where the data can be found.

4. Please meet the deadline: 1 January 2013

The procedure for collecting international statistics is necessarily complex: collection at the national level of data from the various services or departments, centralisation with the regional co-ordinators (who check the validity of the figures, return them as necessary, and correct them), processing, production, interpretation and distribution. This is a long chain of events. If there is too great a lapse of time between the reference date for the data and their processing, statistics lose much of their value.

5. Relations between national correspondents and the regional co-ordinators

Where difficulties arise, the regional co-ordinator should be informed, for example where the definitions used in the questionnaire appear to you ambiguous or where the deadline for replies cannot be met.

6. Access to the data

All the information compiled from the national correspondents will be made available in the final, accepted and validated version via the website www.europeansourcebook.org. Based on this data, the 5th edition of the European Sourcebook will be published in print and online. There will also be a specific publication on the results of the EU project. The names of national correspondents will appear in the Sourcebook, the project publication and on the website as contributors.

In conclusion, any comments on this questionnaire are welcome.

THANK YOU FOR YOUR HELP

Introduction

1. Contents

1.1 The questionnaire comprises the following sections:

Definitions

Part 1 Police statistics

Part 2 Prosecution statistics

Part 3 Conviction statistics

Part 4 Prison, probation agencies and supervision statistics

Part 5 National victimization surveys

Comments on the questionnaire

1.2 Each part contains tables for entering data and a set of questions. Questions may be 'closed', i.e. when you are requested to choose one of the suggested replies, or 'open', i.e. when you are requested to draft your own reply. A box is provided after each set of questions for any comments or additional information.

1.3 In addition, there are four important concepts that may be perceived differently. Here is some guidance on how they should be interpreted:

> **When are the data in this table collected for the statistics?**

It is important to determine when the data collection takes place in the criminal justice process. For example, as regards police statistics, great differences exist depending on whether data are recorded when the offence is reported to the police (input) or at a later date, for example when the police have completed their investigation (output).

> **Is a principal offence (or principal sanction) rule applied?**

It is essential to know the counting system used in cases of simultaneous offences. For example, how do the statistics reflect the case of an offender who in the course of theft also causes damage to property? Where a principal offence rule is applied, the statistics will show one offence. Where there is no such rule, there will be a separate count for each offence. As regards Chapter 3.2, the recording of sanctions may be according to similar rules.

> **How is a person who is suspected or convicted for multiple offences of the same kind (often called serial offences) counted?**

Cases of multiple or serial offences can also pose problems. For example, if a woman reports to the police that her husband has beaten her ten times in the last year, is this recorded as one or as ten offences?

> **How is a person suspected of or convicted for more than one offence in the same year counted?**

Problems may finally occur for persons who have multiple contacts with the system in the same year, e.g. a person being suspected or convicted for theft in March and then again for bodily injury in October. Is such a person counted twice or once only?

Definitions

A Offence definitions

The following definitions are **not** legal definitions. They merely serve to make international statistical comparisons as feasible as possible and to help in providing the figures for the tables contained in this questionnaire.

The general definition of each offence will be complemented with a list of specific items, some of which you are requested to include in or (where appropriate) exclude from your figures. These include and exclude rules are meant to deal with special forms of criminal behaviour for which it might be arguable whether that behaviour can still be subsumed under the standard definition.

Therefore, **in relation to the standard definition, these are only additional rules:** Usually, there are more forms of behaviour that are covered by a standard definition than named in the list following the definition. Therefore, in a case of doubt not solved by the include / exclude rules provided, always make your decision whether to include or exclude that type of behaviour based on the standard definition itself. Where necessary, provide a comment on the issue in the questionnaire and / or discuss it with your regional coordinator.

*An example: For homicide the standard definition is *intentional killing of a person*. You are asked to *include assault leading to death, euthanasia, infanticide and attempts* and to *exclude assistance with suicide, abortion and negligent killing*. You are here required to:*

- 1) Try to meet the standard definition fully, i.e. in our example include **all** intentional killings (i.e.: not only the ones covered by the list).
- 2) Answer the include/exclude questions for the arguable cases and **try to follow the given rules.**

Another goal is to identify differences between the definition used for police statistics and the definition used for convictions statistics. For each specific item, we ask you to indicate

(1) Whether you included it in or excluded it from police statistics

→ In the tables, please mark an 'X' in the appropriate *incl.* or *excl.* column.

(2) Whether you included it in or excluded it from conviction statistics

→ In the tables, please mark an 'X' in the appropriate *incl.* or *excl.* column.

The figures reported for each offence should **include attempts** as well as completed offences.

For each offence, use the figures which come as close as possible to the relevant definitions. Please use the *comments* box provided for each definition for additional remarks, where necessary to understand the figures.

If the definition has changed between 2007 and 2011, please give full details in Section B 'Changes in offence definitions'.

The same should be done if there are any differences between the answers given in the fourth edition of the European Sourcebook (published in 2010) and the answers you are giving in this questionnaire regarding the definitions.

You do not have to comment on a definition for an offence if you are not able to report data on it anywhere in the questionnaire. In such a case, just enter "no data available" into the comments box.

In principle, all offences subject to criminal proceedings should be included. This rule is, however, not trivial: There are some countries which follow a minor offence concept either excluding such offences from the criminal code (for example the *wykroczenia* in Poland in cases of minor thefts etc.) or making them subject to special proceedings (for example most *contraventions* in France which are handled by the police only) *outside the criminal justice system*. Sometimes they are recorded in police statistics, sometimes not.

Total recorded criminal offences				
Standard definition: all offences subject to criminal proceedings				
	Indicate if included in or excluded from:			
	police statistics		conviction statistics	
	incl.	excl.	incl.	excl.
Include the following:				
• minor theft and other minor property offences	DTC11A		DTC11B	
	1	2	1	2
• minor assault and other minor violent offences	DTC11C		DTC11D	
	1	2	1	2
• criminal offences committed by minors	DTC11E		DTC11F	
	1	2	1	2
• major traffic offences (see <i>below</i>)	DTC11G		DTC11H	
	1	2	1	2
• all other criminal offences subject to criminal proceedings	DTC11I		DTC11J	
	1	2	1	2
Exclude the following:				
• all other traffic offences	DTC11K		DTC11L	
	1	2	1	2
• breaches of public order regulations	DTC11M		DTC11N	
	1	2	1	2
• all minor offences subject to proceedings outside the criminal justice system (<i>i.e. misdemeanors, contraventions, wykroczenia, faltas etc.</i>)	DTC11O		DTC11P	
	1	2	1	2

Comments on the definition – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CDTC11

Major traffic offences				
Standard definition: severe road traffic offences				
	Indicate if <u>included</u> in or <u>excluded</u> from:			
	police statistics	conviction statistics	incl.	excl.
Include the following:				
• negligent homicide and negligent injury in road traffic	DTT11A		DTT11B	
	1	2	1	2
• dangerous / reckless driving <i>(i.e.: driving in a way that falls far below what would be expected of a competent and careful driver and is obviously endangering life or health of another person or leads to the danger of serious damage to property)</i>	DTT11C		DTT11D	
	1	2	1	2
• seriously endangering road traffic in other ways <i>(e.g. removing traffic signs, building obstacles, throwing objects onto the motorway)</i>	DTT11E		DTT11F	
	1	2	1	2
• driving under the influence of drugs or alcohol (also see below)	DTT11G		DTT11H	
	1	2	1	2
• driving while impaired for other reasons	DTT11I		DTT11J	
	1	2	1	2
• driving while disqualified or licence suspended / revoked	DTT11K		DTT11L	
	1	2	1	2
• all other cases of driving without a valid licence	DTT11M		DTT11N	
	1	2	1	2
• hit-and-run driving	DTT11O		DTT11P	
	1	2	1	2

Exclude the following:					
		DTT11Q		DTT11R	
		1	2	1	2
• offences committed outside road traffic (e.g. involving trains, airplanes, ships or boats)		DTT11S		DTT11T	
		1	2	1	2
• driving without an insurance against damage to third parties (<i>motor liability insurance</i>)		DTT11U		DTT11V	
		1	2	1	2
• driving without paying motor vehicle tax		DTT11W		DTT11X	
		1	2	1	2
• driving without or using wrong number plates		DTT11Y		DTT11Z	
		1	2	1	2
• driving a motor vehicle that is not roadworthy (<i>if not considered dangerous driving</i>)		DTT11AA		DTT11AB	
		1	2	1	2
• failing to stop at a red traffic light, disregard of right of way, overtaking incorrectly and wrong-way driving (<i>if not considered dangerous driving</i>)		DTT11AC		DTT11AD	
		1	2	1	2
• parking violations		DTT11AE		DTT11AF	
		1	2	1	2
• all other traffic offences		DTT11AG		DTT11AH	
		1	2	1	2
				BAC (in gram per litre or gram per kilogram [$\%$, i.e. per mille])	
General limit of blood alcohol content (BAC) from which on or above which driving under the influence of alcohol is considered criminal				DTT11AI	

Comments on the definition – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CDTT11

Intentional homicide			
Standard definition: intentional killing of a person			
	Indicate if included in or excluded from:		
	police statistics		conviction statistics
	incl.	excl.	incl.
Include the following:			
• assault leading to death			
	DHO11A	DHO11B	
	1	2	1
			2
• Euthanasia			
	DHO11C	DHO11D	
	1	2	1
			2
• Infanticide			
	DHO11E	DHO11F	
	1	2	1
			2
• Attempts			
	DHO11G	DHO11H	
	1	2	1
			2
Exclude the following:			
• assistance with suicide			
	DHO11I	DHO11J	
	1	2	1
			2
• Abortion			
	DHO11K	DHO11L	
	1	2	1
			2
• negligent killing			
	DHO11M	DHO11N	
	1	2	1
			2

Comments on the definition – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CDHO11

Bodily injury (assault)				
Standard definition: inflicting bodily injury on another person with intent				
	Indicate if included in or excluded from:			
	police statistics		conviction statistics	
	incl.	excl.	incl.	excl.
Include the following:				
• minor bodily injury	DAS11A		DAS11B	
	1	2	1	2
• aggravated bodily injury	DAS11C		DAS11D	
	1	2	1	2
• bodily injury of a public servant/official	DAS11E		DAS11F	
	1	2	1	2
• bodily injury in a domestic dispute	DAS11G		DAS11H	
	1	2	1	2
• Attempts	DAS11I		DAS11J	
	1	2	1	2
Exclude the following:				
• assault leading to death	DAS11K		DAS11L	
	1	2	1	2
• threats	DAS11M		DAS11N	
	1	2	1	2
• assault only causing pain (e.g. slapping)	DAS11O		DAS11P	
	1	2	1	2
• sexual assault	DAS11Q		DAS11R	
	1	2	1	2
• negligent bodily injury	DAS11S		DAS11T	
	1	2	1	2

Comments on the definition – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CDAS11

Aggravated bodily injury (aggravated assault)

Standard definition: inflicting serious (e.g. life-threatening or disabling) bodily injury to another person with intent, or under aggravated circumstances (use of weapons, or on a vulnerable victim)¹

	Indicate if <u>included in or excluded from:</u>			
	police statistics		conviction statistics	
	incl.	excl.	incl.	excl.

Include the following:

• serious and lasting (<i>i.e. disabling</i>) bodily injury	DAA11A		DAA11B	
	1	2	1	2
• life-threatening bodily injury	DAA11C		DAA11D	
	1	2	1	2
• use of weapons (<i>dangerous objects</i>)	DAA11E		DAA11F	
	1	2	1	2
• particularly vulnerable victim	DAA11G		DAA11H	
	1	2	1	2
• attempts	DAA11I		DAA11J	
	1	2	1	2

Exclude the following:

• assault leading to death	DAA11K		DAA11L	
	1	2	1	2
• mere threats	DAA11M		DAA11N	
	1	2	1	2
• sexual assault	DAA11O		DAA11P	
	1	2	1	2
• negligent bodily injury	DAA11Q		DAA11R	
	1	2	1	2

¹ Please note that cases of aggravated bodily injury should also be included under the total of bodily injury.

Comments on the definition – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CAAS11

General remark for sexual offences: Please note that – based on the experiences made during the 4th edition – the relation of sexual offences to each other has been revised. While the definitions of both rape and sexual abuse of a child (called sexual abuse of a minor in the 4th edition) have remained unchanged, sexual assault has been changed to a general headline category covering all physical sexual contacts with persons against their will or with those who cannot validly consent, especially children. Rape and sexual abuse of a child are subcategories of this new definition of sexual assault. If this structure does not reflect the legal situation in your country, please try to still follow the concept as close as possible by adding up all cases of rape, sexual abuse and other sexual assaults to give the total number of sexual assaults.

Data entered into this questionnaire for sexual assault will typically not be comparable with data provided for the 4th edition.

Sexual assault				
Standard definition: sexual contact with a person against her/his will or with a person who cannot validly consent to sexual acts				
	Indicate if included in or excluded from:			
	police statistics		conviction statistics	
	incl.	excl.	incl.	excl.
Include the following:				
• any sexual acts committed with violence or threat of violence	DSA11A		DSA11B	
	1	2	1	2
• any sexual acts committed with abuse of authority or undue pressure	DSA11C		DSA11D	
	1	2	1	2
• any sexual acts committed against a helpless person	DSA11E		DSA11F	
	1	2	1	2
• any sexual acts committed against a marital partner against her/his will	DSA11G		DSA11H	
	1	2	1	2
• acts considered as rape (see below)	DSA11I		DSA11J	
	1	2	1	2
• acts considered as physical sexual abuse of a child (see below)	DSA11K		DSA11L	
	1	2	1	2
• Attempts	DSA11M		DSA11N	
	1	2	1	2
Exclude the following:				
• any verbal or any other form of non-physical		DSA11O		DSA11P

molestation	1	2	1	2
• Pornography		DSA11Q		DSA11R
	1	2	1	2
• Pimping		DSA11S		DSA11T
	1	2	1	2
• buying / offering paid sex		DSA11U		DSA11V
	1	2	1	2
• Exhibitionism		DSA11W		DSA11X
	1	2	1	2

Comments on the definition – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CDSA11

Rape			
Standard definition: sexual intercourse with a person against her/his will (<i>per vaginam</i> or other)			
		Indicate if <u>included in or excluded from:</u>	
		police statistics	conviction statistics
		incl.	excl.
		incl.	excl.
Include the following:			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> penetration other than vaginal (e.g. buggery) 		DRA11A	DRA11B
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> violent intra-marital sexual intercourse 		DRA11C	DRA11D
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> sexual intercourse without force with a helpless person 		DRA11E	DRA11F
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> sexual intercourse with force with a child 		DRA11G	DRA11H
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Attempts 		DRA11I	DRA11J
Exclude the following:			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> sexual intercourse with a child without force 		DRA11K	DRA11L
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> other forms of sexual assault 		DRA11OM	DRA11N
		1	2

Comments on the definition – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CDRA11

Sexual abuse of a child				
Standard definition: sexual intercourse or any other form of physical sexual contact with a person below the age of consent ²				
	Indicate if included in or excluded from:			
	police statistics	conviction statistics	incl.	excl.
Include the following:				
• sexual intercourse or any other form of physical sexual contact committed without violence	DSM11A		DSM11B	
	1	2	1	2
• acts committed by persons below the age of consent (see <i>below</i>)	DSM11C		DSM11D	
	1	2	1	2
• acts committed by persons above the age of consent (see <i>below</i>)	DSM11E		DSM11F	
	1	2	1	2
• Attempts	DSM11G		DSM11H	
	1	2	1	2
Exclude the following:				
• verbal or any other form of non-physical molestation	DSM11I		DSM11J	
	1	2	1	2
• child pornography	DSM11K		DSM11L	
	1	2	1	2
• acts considered as rape (see <i>above</i>)	DSM11M		DSM11N	
	1	2	1	2
Please indicate the age of consent:				
DSMAGE11A				
Are there any exceptions to the general age of consent? DSMAGE11B	Yes (please specify)		No	
	1		2	

DSMAGE11C: Specify the exception

Comments on the definition – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CDSM11

² Age of consent means the age under which a minor cannot validly consent to have sexual contacts.

Robbery**Standard definition:** stealing from a person with force or threat of force

	<u>Indicate if included in or excluded from:</u>			
	police statistics		conviction statistics	
	incl.	excl.	incl.	excl.

Include the following:

	DRO11A		DRO11B	
	1	2	1	2
• muggings (<i>bag-snatchings</i>)	DRO11C		DRO11D	
	1	2	1	2
• theft immediately followed by force or threat of force used to keep hold of the stolen goods	DRO11E		DRO11F	
	1	2	1	2

Exclude the following:

	DRO11G		DRO11H	
	1	2	1	2
• pick-pocketing	DRO11I		DRO11J	
	1	2	1	2
• Extortion	DRO11K		DRO11L	
	1	2	1	2
• Blackmailing				
	1	2	1	2

Comments on the definition – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CDRO11

Theft				
Standard definition: depriving a person or organisation of property with the intent to keep it				
	Indicate if included in or excluded from:			
	police statistics		conviction statistics	
	incl.	excl.	incl.	excl.
Include the following:				
• minor (e.g. <i>small value</i>) theft	DTH11A		DTH11B	
	1	2	1	2
• burglary	DTH11C		DTH11D	
	1	2	1	2
• theft of motor vehicles	DTH11E		DTH11F	
	1	2	1	2
• attempts	DTH11G		DTH11H	
	1	2	1	2
Exclude the following:				
• embezzlement (<i>including theft by employees</i>)	DTH11I		DTH11J	
	1	2	1	2
• robbery (<i>see above</i>)	DTH11K		DTH11L	
	1	2	1	2
• receiving/handling stolen goods	DTH11M		DTH11N	
	1	2	1	2
If small value theft is excluded, what is the legal upper limit for the “small value”? Give an amount in Euros, please!				
DTH11O				

Comments on the definition – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CDTH11

Theft of a motor vehicle			
Standard definition: depriving a person or organisation of a motor vehicle with the intent to keep it or to use it			
		Indicate if <u>included in or excluded from:</u>	
		police statistics	conviction statistics
		incl.	excl.
		incl.	excl.
Include the following:			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> joyriding 		DTV11A	DTV11B
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> theft of trucks / lorries 		1	2
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> theft of motorcycles 		DTV11C	DTV11D
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> theft of motorboats 		1	2
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> attempts 		DTV11E	DTV11F
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> robbery (see above) 		1	2
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> receiving/handling a stolen vehicle 		DTV11G	DTV11H
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> attempts 		1	2
Exclude the following:			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> robbery (see above) 		DTV11K	DTV11L
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> receiving/handling a stolen vehicle 		1	2
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> receiving/handling a stolen vehicle 		DTV11M	DTV11N
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> receiving/handling a stolen vehicle 		1	2

Comments on the definition – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CDTV11

Burglary

Standard definition: gaining access to a closed part of a building or other premises (e.g. by use of force against an object) with the objective to steal goods³

	Indicate if <u>included in or excluded from:</u>			
	police statistics		conviction statistics	
	incl.	excl.	incl.	excl.
Include the following:				
• domestic burglary	DBU11A	DBU11B	1	2
• theft from a factory, shop, office, etc.	DBU11C	DBU11D	1	2
• theft from a military establishment	DBU11E	DBU11F	1	2
• theft by using false keys	DBU11G	DBU11H	1	2
• attempts	DBU11I	DBU11J	1	2
Exclude the following:				
• theft from a car	DBU11K	DBU11L	1	2
• theft from a container	DBU11M	DBU11N	1	2
• theft from a vending machine	DBU11O	DBU11P	1	2
• theft from a parking meter	DBU11Q	DBU11R	1	2
• theft from a fenced meadow/compound	DBU11S	DBU11T	1	2

³ In some countries, burglary is known as one form of 'aggravated theft'.

Comments on the definition – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CDBU11

Domestic burglary

Standard definition: gaining access to closed private premises (e.g. by use of force against an object) with the objective to steal goods

	Indicate if <u>included in or excluded from:</u>			
	police statistics		conviction statistics	
	incl.	excl.	incl.	excl.
Include the following:				
• theft from an attic or basement in a multi-dwelling building		DBD11A	DBD11B	
	1	2	1	2
• theft from a secondary residence (<i>even if unoccupied</i>)		DBD11C	DBD11D	
	1	2	1	2
• attempts		DBD11E	DBD11F	
	1	2	1	2
Exclude the following:				
• theft from a factory, shop, office, etc.		DBD11G	DBD11H	
	1	2	1	2
• theft from a detached garage, shed, barn or stable		DBD11I	DBD11J	
	1	2	1	2
• theft from a fenced meadow/compound		DBD11K	DBD11L	
	1	2	1	2

Comments on the definition – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CDBD11

Fraud				
Standard definition: deceiving someone or taking advantage of someone's error with the intent to unlawfully gain financial benefits, thereby causing the deceived person to enter any operation that will be damaging to his/her or a third person's financial interests				
	Indicate if <u>included in or excluded from:</u>			
	police statistics	conviction statistics		
	incl.	excl.	incl.	excl.
Include the following:				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • attempts 	DFR11A		DFR11B	
	1	2	1	2
Exclude the following:				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • receiving/handling a stolen property 	DFR11C		DFR11D	
	1	2	1	2
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • forgery of documents, passports etc. 	DFR11E		DFR11F	
	1	2	1	2
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • tax and customs offences 	DFR11G		DFR11H	
	1	2	1	2
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • subsidy fraud 	DFR11I		DFR11J	
	1	2	1	2
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • fraud involving welfare payments 	DFR11K		DFR11L	
	1	2	1	2
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • money laundering 	DFR11M		DFR11N	
	1	2	1	2
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • forgery of money/payment instruments 	DFR11O		DFR11P	
	1	2	1	2
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • consuming goods or services 	DFR11Q		DFR11R	
	1	2	1	2
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • breaching of trust / embezzlement 	DFR11S		DFR11T	
	1	2	1	2

Comments on the definition – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CDFR11

Money laundering

Standard definition: specific financial transactions to conceal the identity, source, and/or destination of money or non-monetary property deriving from criminal activities

	Indicate if <u>included in or excluded from:</u>			
	police statistics		conviction statistics	
	incl.	excl.	incl.	excl.
Include the following:				
• receiving and handling illegally obtained (<i>but not stolen</i>) non-monetary property			DML11A	DML11B
	1	2	1	2
• attempts			DML11C	DML11D
	1	2	1	2
Exclude the following:				
• receiving/handling stolen property			DML11E	DML11F
	1	2	1	2
• violations of the 'know-your-customer' rule (<i>i.e. negligence in identification of customer's identity or origin of funds</i>)			DML11G	DML11H
	1	2	1	2

Comments on the definition – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CDML11

Corruption in the public sector			
Standard definition: offering or accepting financial or any other advantage in exchange for favourable treatment by public officials			
	Indicate if <u>included in or excluded from:</u>		
	police statistics	conviction statistics	
	incl.	excl.	incl.
Include the following:			
• active and passive corruption	DCO11A		DCO11B
	1	2	1 2
• instigation to corruption	DCO11C		DCO11D
	1	2	1 2
• complicity	DCO11E		DCO11F
	1	2	1 2
• corruption of domestic officials	DCO11G		DCO11H
	1	2	1 2
• corruption of foreign officials	DCO11I		DCO11J
	1	2	1 2
• extortion by public officials	DCO11K		DCO11L
	1	2	1 2
• offering officials advantages without <i>immediate</i> interest (i.e.: <i>in order to get them hooked on receiving gifts</i>)	DCO11M		DCO11N
	1	2	1 2
• attempts	DCO11O		DCO11P
	1	2	1 2
Exclude the following:			
• corruption in the private sector	DCO11Q		DCO11R
	1	2	1 2
• extortion (<i>except by public officials</i>)	DCO11S		DCO11T
	1	2	1 2
• bribery of the electorate	DCO11U		DCO11V
	1	2	1 2

Comments on the definition – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CDCO11

Drug offences				
Standard definition: all illicit intentional acts in connection with narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances as defined in the international drug control conventions				
	Indicate if included in or excluded from:			
	police statistics		conviction statistics	
	incl.	excl.	incl.	excl.
Include the following:				
• cultivation	DDR11A		DDR11B	
	1	2	1	2
• production and manufacture	DDR11C		DDR11D	
	1	2	1	2
• extraction and preparation	DDR11E		DDR11F	
	1	2	1	2
• offering and offering for sale	DDR11G		DDR11H	
	1	2	1	2
• distribution	DDR11I		DDR11J	
	1	2	1	2
• purchase	DDR11K		DDR11L	
	1	2	1	2
• sale	DDR11M		DDR11N	
	1	2	1	2
• delivery on any terms whatsoever	DDR11O		DDR11P	
	1	2	1	2
• brokerage	DDR11Q		DDR11R	
	1	2	1	2
• dispatch and dispatch in transit	DDR11S		DDR11T	
	1	2	1	2
• transport	DDR11U		DDR11V	
	1	2	1	2
• importation	DDR11W		DDR11X	
	1	2	1	2
• exportation	DDR11Y		DDR11Z	
	1	2	1	2
• financing of drug operations	DDR11AA		DDR11AB	
	1	2	1	2
				DDR11AC
				DDR11AD

	1	2	1	2
• possession for personal use (<i>i.e.: possession of small quantities</i>)	DDR11AE		DDR11AF	
	1	2	1	2
• consumption	DDR11AG		DDR11AH	
	1	2	1	2
• attempts	DDR11AI		DDR11AJ	
	1	2	1	2
Exclude the following:				
• offences with respect to precursor substances	DDR11AK		DDR11AL	
	1	2	1	2
If possession of small quantities of drugs is excluded, please specify the upper legal limit for each of the following substance:				
1) cannabis	DDR11AM			
2) heroin	DDR11AN			
3) cocaine	DDR11AO			
4) ecstasy	DDR11AP			
5) amphetamines	DDR11AQ			

Comments on the definition – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CDRS11

Drug trafficking				
Standard definition: drug offences not in connection with personal use				
Type of list: <i>comprehensive</i>	Indicate if included in or excluded from:			
	police statistics		conviction statistics	
	incl.	excl.	incl.	excl.
Include the following:				
• cultivation	DDT11A		DDT11B	
	1	2	1	2
• production and manufacture	DDT11C		DDT11D	
	1	2	1	2
• extraction and preparation	DDT11E		DDT11F	
	1	2	1	2
• offering and offering for sale	DDT11G		DDT11H	
	1	2	1	2
• distribution	DDT11I		DDT11J	
	1	2	1	2
• purchase	DDT11K		DDT11L	
	1	2	1	2
• sale	DDT11M		DDT11N	
	1	2	1	2
• delivery on any terms whatsoever	DDT11O		DDT11P	
	1	2	1	2
• brokerage	DDT11Q		DDT11R	
	1	2	1	2
• dispatch and dispatch in transit	DDT11S		DDT11T	
	1	2	1	2
• transport	DDT11U		DDT11V	
	1	2	1	2
• importation	DDT11W		DDT11X	
	1	2	1	2
• exportation	DDT11Y		DDT11Z	
	1	2	1	2
• financing of drug operations	DDT11AA		DDT11AB	
	1	2	1	2

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • possession 	DDT11AC		DDT11AD	
	1	2	1	2
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • attempts 	DDT11AE		DDT11AF	
	1	2	1	2

Exclude the following:

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • offences with respect to precursor substances 	DDT11AG		DDR11AH	
	1	2	1	2
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • possession for personal use (<i>i.e.: possession of small quantities</i>) 	DDT11AI		DDR11AJ	
	1	2	1	2
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • consumption 	DDT11AK		DDR11AL	
	1	2	1	2

Comments on the definition – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CDDT11

Firearm involved		
Standard definition: a firearm has been involved in committing the crime, regardless of whether it has been shot, used as a blunt weapon or threat, or just been carried or in any other way been ready to hand		
Used in: homicide (completed and total) and robbery (<i>police statistics only</i>)		
		Indicate if <u>included</u> in or <u>excluded</u> from the above offence categories in police statistics
		included excluded
Include the following:		
• firearm shot	DFAI11A	
	1	2
• firearm used as a blunt weapon	DFAI11C	
	1	2
• firearm used as a threat	DFAI11E	
	1	2
• firearm carried	DFAI11G	
	1	2
• firearm ready to hand, even if not carried (e.g.: <i>lying readily available on a table directly at the crime scene</i>)	DFAI11I	
	1	2
Exclude the following:		
• offences involving weapons not considered as firearms (see separate definition below)	DFAI11K	
	1	2
• offences involving other dangerous object	DFAI11M	
	1	2
Firearm		
Standard definition: weapon that launches a bullet or other projectile (or several at a time), making use of an explosive charge as a propellant, and that can be carried and used by a single person		
		Indicate if <u>included</u> in or <u>excluded</u> from the above offence categories in police statistics
		included excluded

Include the following:

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • pistols, revolvers 	DFA11A	
	1	2
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • rifles, shotguns 	DFA11C	
	1	2
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • sub-machine guns, light and medium machine guns 	DFA11E	
	1	2
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • man-portable grenade launchers 	DFA11G	
	1	2
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • improvised and special firearms (e.g. pen guns) 	DFA11I	
	1	2
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • unloaded firearms carried with ammunition at hand 	DFA11K	
	1	2
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • legally owned firearms 	DFA11M	
	1	2

Exclude the following:

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • heavy machine guns 	DFA11O	
	1	2
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • hand grenades, Molotov cocktails 	DFA11Q	
	1	2
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • air guns, gas pistols, paintball rifles 	DFA11S	
	1	2
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • crossbows, bows and arrows 	DFA11U	
	1	2
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • replica firearms and other fakes 	DFA11W	
	1	2
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • unloaded firearms carried without ammunition at hand 	DFA11Y	
	1	2

Comments on the definition – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CDFA11

B Changes in offence definitions

1. Between 2007 and 2011, were there any changes in the definitions of offences (*for example, a major change in criminal law?*)

DCH11AA

Yes	No
1	2

If yes please explain the changes DCH11AB (We add: as in Limesurvey the “Explanation of the changes box” was separated for question 1 and 2.)

2. Are there any changes between the definitions you provided this time and those that were provided in the fourth edition (2003 to 2007)?

DCH11BA

Yes	No
1	2

Explanation of the changes

DCH11BB

C Minors

C.1 Maximum age

The maximum age for a minor is defined by *"under 18 years"* (i.e. having not yet reached the 18th birthday).

If your country deviates, please specify: **DM11A**

Minors are persons under _____ years.

Comments DM11B

C. 2 How are criminal acts⁴ committed by minors dealt with in your country?

For each age listed, please tick all the options available.

Meaning of the age mentioned in the table: An offender is 8 years of age if he has already celebrated his 8th birthday, but not yet his 9th, etc.

Procedure type	Offence type	Age									
		8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Youth welfare or family court proceedings (i.e. outside criminal justice)	Minor offences	DM11C8	DM11C9	DM11C10	DM11C11	DM11C12	DM11C13	DM11C14	DM11C15	DM11C16	DM11C17
	Medium offences	DM11D8	DM11D9	DM11D10	DM11D11	DM11D125	DM11D13	DM11D14	DM11D15	DM11D16	DM11D17
	Serious offences	DM11E8	DM11E9	DM11E10	DM11E11	DM11E12	DM11E13	DM11E14	DM11E15	DM11E16	DM11E17
Juvenile criminal proceedings	Minor offences	DM11F8	DM11F9	DM11F10	DM11F11	DM11F12	DM11F13	DM11F14	DM11F15	DM11F16	DM11F17
	Medium offences	DM11G8	DM11G9	DM11G10	DM11G11	DM11G12	DM11G13	DM11G14	DM11G15	DM11G16	DM11G17
	Serious offences	DM11H8	DM11H9	DM11H10	DM11H11	DM11H12	DM11H13	DM11H14	DM11H15	DM11H16	DM11H17
General criminal proceedings	Minor offences	DM11I8	DM11I9	DM11I10	DM11I11	DM11I12	DM11I13	DM11I14	DM11I15	DM11I16	DM11I17
	Medium offences	DM11J8	DM11J9	DM11J10	DM11J11	DM11J12	DM11J13	DM11J14	DM11J15	DM11J16	DM11J17
	Serious offences	DM11K8	DM11K9	DM11K10	DM11K11	DM11K12	DM11K13	DM11K14	DM11K15	DM11K16	DM11K17
Juvenile or general criminal proceedings in which a custodial	Minor offences	DM11L8	DM11L9	DM11L10	DM11L11	DM11L12	DM11L13	DM11L14	DM11L15	DM11L16	DM11L17
	Medium offences	DM11M8	DM11M9	DM11M10	DM11M11	DM11M12	DM11M13	DM11M14	DM11M15	DM11M16	DM11M17

⁴ Please refer also to acts committed by minors *below* the age of criminal responsibility, provided these acts would have been considered criminal if they had been committed by someone above the age of criminal responsibility.

sanction or measure can be imposed	Serious offences	DM11N8	DM11N9	DM11N10	DM11N11	DM11N12	DM11N13	DM11N14	DM11N15	DM11N16	DM11N17
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Comments on table C.2 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

DM11O

C.3 Age of criminal responsibility

The age of criminal responsibility is defined as the age from which on a minor can be subject to sanctions and measures imposed in general or juvenile criminal proceedings (see Table C.2).

Minors are criminally responsible if they are: **DM11P**
_____ years or older.

Comments

DM11Q

C.4 Application of juvenile criminal law on young adults

In some countries, it is possible to apply juvenile criminal law on persons considered as adults by the law (i.e.: usually persons who have already celebrated their 18th birthday).

C.4.1 Is this possible in your country? DM11R

Yes	No
1	2

C 4.2 If yes, please indicate the age up to which young adults may be sanctioned according to juvenile criminal law DM11S

Juvenile criminal law can be applied for adults under _____ years.

Comments

DM11T

Part 1 Police Statistics

1.1 Offences recorded by the police

Table 1.1 Offences recorded by the police

The counting unit here is the offence. At this level, many cases are never cleared up. 'Criminal offences total' should refer to all offences, not just the offences mentioned in this table.

Type of offence		2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Criminal offences total		T11TC07	T11TC08	T11TC09	T11TC10	T11TC11
Major traffic offences		T11TT07	T11TT08	T11TT09	T11TT10	T11TT11
Intentional homicide	Total	T11HO07	T11HO08	T11HO09	T11HO10	T11HO11
	of which: Firearm involved	T11HOFA07	T11HOFA08	T11HOFA09	T11HOFA10	T11HOFA11
	of which: Completed	T11HC07	T11HC08	T11HC09	T11HC10	T11HC11
	of which: Firearm involved	T11HCFA07	T11HCFA08	T11HCFA09	T11HCFA10	T11HCFA11
Bodily injury (assault)	Total	T11AS07	T11AS08	T11AS09	T11AS10	T11AS11
	of which: Aggravated bodily injury	T11AA07	T11AA08	T11AA09	T11AA10	T11AA11
Sexual assault	Total	T11SA07	T11SA08	T11SA09	T11SA10	T11SA11
	of which: Rape	T11RA07	T11RA08	T11RA09	T11RA10	T11RA11
	of which: Sexual abuse of a child	T11SM07	T11SM08	T11SM09	T11SM10	T11SM11
Robbery	Total	T11RO07	T11RO08	T11RO09	T11RO10	T11RO11
	of which: Firearm involved	T11ROFA07	T11ROFA08	T11ROFA09	T11ROFA10	T11ROFA11
Theft	Total	T11TH07	T11TH08	T11TH09	T11TH10	T11TH11
	of which: Theft of a motor vehicle	T11TV07	T11TV08	T11TV09	T11TV10	T11TV11
	of which: Burglary (total)	T11BU07	T11BU08	T11BU09	T11BU10	T11BU11
	of which: Domestic burglary	T11BD07	T11BD08	T11BD09	T11BD10	T11BD11
Fraud		T11FR07	T11FR08	T11FR09	T11FR10	T11FR11
Money laundering		T11ML07	T11ML08	T11ML09	T11ML10	T11ML11
Corruption		T11CO07	T11CO08	T11CO09	T11CO10	T11CO11
Drug offences	Total	T11DR07	T11DR08	T11DR09	T11DR10	T11DR11
	of which: Drug trafficking	T11DT07	T11DT08	T11DT09	T11DT10	T11DT11

Source of the data in Table 1.1 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

ST1111

Comments on Table 1.1 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CT1111

Rules of statistical recording applied for Table 1.1

1.1.A Are there written rules regulating the way in which the data shown in Table 1.1 are recorded?

CT11A11

Yes	No
1	2

1.1.B When are the data in Table 1.1 collected for the statistics?

- see Introduction (paragraph 1.3)

CT11B11

<i>When the offence is reported to the police (input statistics)</i>	<i>After the offence is reported to the police but before the police completes the investigation</i>	<i>When the police completes the investigation (output statistics)</i>
1	2	3

1.1.C What is the counting unit used in Table 1.1? CT11CA11

<i>Offence</i>	<i>Case (i.e. investigation relating to one person only)</i>	<i>Investigation</i>	<i>Other</i>
1	2	3	4

IF OTHER, PLEASE EXPLAIN: CT11CB11

1.1.D Is a principal offence rule applied? CT11DA11

- see Introduction (paragraph 1.3)

Yes	No
1	2

Explanation of the rule

CT11DB11

1.1.E How are multiple offences of the same kind (often called serial offences) counted?

- see Introduction (paragraph 1.3)

CT11E11

As one offence	As two or more offences
1	2

1.1.F How is an offence committed by more than one person counted?

CT11F11

As one offence	As two or more offences
1	2

1.1.G Have the data recording methods described above been modified between 2007 and 2011? CT11GA11

- see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

Yes	No
1	2

Explanation of the changes

CT11GB11

Additional comments on questions 1.1.A - 1.1.G

CT11GC11

1.2 Characteristics of suspected offenders

Table 1.2.1 Total suspected offenders

The counting unit required here is the **person**. The table should therefore show the number of suspected offenders. As a rule, a person suspected of more than one offence in a year will be counted more than once (see Introduction paragraph 1.3). A principal offence rule (again, see Introduction paragraph 1.3) should be applied, if possible. The 'Total for criminal offences' should refer to the number of suspects for all offences and not just the offences mentioned in this table.

Type of offence		2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Criminal offences total		T12TC07	T12TC08	T12TC09	T12TC10	T12TC11
Major traffic offences		T12TT07	T12TT08	T12TT09	T12TT10	T12TT12
Intentional homicide	Total	T12HO07	T12HO08	T12HO09	T12HO10	T12HO11
	<i>of which: Firearm involved</i>	T12HOFA07	T12HOFA08	T12HOFA09	T12HOFA10	T12HOFA11
	<i>of which: Completed</i>	T12HC07	T12HC08	T12HC09	T12HC10	T12HC11
	<i>of which: Firearm involved</i>	T12HCFA07	T12HCFA08	T12HCFA09	T12HCFA10	T11HCFA11
Bodily injury (assault)	Total	T12AS07	T12AS08	T12AS09	T12AS10	T12AS11
	<i>of which: Aggravated bodily injury</i>	T12AA07	T12AA08	T12AA09	T12AA10	T12AA11
Sexual assault	Total	T12SA07	T12SA08	T12SA09	T12SA10	T12SA11
	<i>of which: Rape</i>	T12RA07	T12RA08	T12RA09	T12RA10	T12RA11
	<i>of which: Sexual abuse of a child</i>	T12SM07	T12SM08	T12SM09	T12SM10	T12SM11
Robbery	Total	T12RO07	T12RO08	T12RO09	T12RO10	T12RO11
	<i>of which: Firearm involved</i>	T12ROFA07	T12ROFA08	T12ROFA09	T12ROFA10	T12ROFA11
Theft	Total	T12TH07	T12TH08	T12TH09	T12TH10	T12TH11
	<i>of which: Theft of a motor vehicle</i>	T12TV07	T12TV08	T12TV09	T12TV10	T12TV11
	<i>of which: Burglary (total)</i>	T12BU07	T12BU08	T12BU09	T12BU10	T12BU11
	<i>of which: Domestic burglary</i>	T12BD07	T12BD08	T12BD09	T12BD10	T11BD11
Fraud		T12FR07	T12FR08	T12FR09	T12FR10	T12FR11
Money laundering		T12ML07	T12ML08	T12ML09	T12ML10	T12ML11
Corruption		T12CO07	T12CO08	T12CO09	T12CO10	T12CO11
Drug offences	Total	T12DR07	T12DR08	T12DR09	T12DR10	T12DR11
	<i>of which: Drug trafficking</i>	T12DT07	T12DT08	T12DT09	T12DT10	T12DT11

Source of the data in Table 1.2.1 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

ST1211

Comments on Table 1.2.1 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CT1211

Please note: The questions 1.2.2 A to 1.2.2.H (after Table 1.2.2) also refer to this table!

Table 1.2.2 Number of females, minors and aliens among suspected offenders in 2010

The 'Total for criminal offences' should refer to the number of suspects for all offences and not just the offences mentioned in this table. If data for 2010 are not yet available, please give data for the latest available year and indicate the year of reference in the table.

Year of reference if other than 2010: _____ T13YR10					
Type of offence	Total	Number of females	Number of minors	Number of aliens	
				Total	of which: EU citizen
Criminal offences total	T13TCT10	T13TCW10	T13TCM10	T13TCA10	T13TCE10
Major traffic offences	T13TTT10	T13TTW10	T13TTM10	T13TTA10	T13TTE10
Intentional homicide	Total	T13HOT10	T13HOW10	T13HOM10	T13HOA10
	of which: Firearm involved	T13HOFAT10	T13HOFAW10	T13HOFAM10	T13HOFAA10
	of which: Completed	T13HCT10	T13HCW10	T13HCM10	T13HCA10
	of which: Firearm involved	T13HCFAT10	T13HCFAW10	T13HCFAM10	T13HCFAA10
Bodily injury (assault)	Total	T13AST10	T13ASW10	T13ASM10	T13ASA10
	of which: Aggravated bodily injury	T13AAT10	T13AAW10	T13AAM10	T13AAA10
Sexual assault	Total	T13SAT10	T13SAW10	T13SAM10	T13SAA10
	of which: Rape	T13RAT10	T13RAW10	T13RAM10	T13RAA10
	of which: Sexual abuse of a child	T13SMT10	T13SMW10	T13SMM10	T13SMA10
Robbery	Total	T13ROT10	T13ROW10	T13ROM10	T13ROA10
	of which: Firearm involved	T13ROFAT10	T13ROFAW10	T13ROFAM10	T13ROFAA10
Theft	Total	T13THT10	T13THW10	T13THM10	T13THA10
	of which: Theft of a motor vehicle	T13TVT10	T13TVW10	T13TVM10	T13TVA10
	of which: Burglary (total)	T13BUT10	T13BUW10	T13BUM10	T13BUA10
	of which: Domestic burglary	T13BDT10	T13BDW10	T13BDM10	T13BDA10
Fraud	T13FRT10	T13FRW10	T13FRM10	T13FRA10	T13FRE10
Money laundering	T13MLT10	T13MLW10	T13MLM10	T13MLA10	T13MLE10
Corruption	T13COT10	T13COW10	T13COM10	T13COA10	T13COE10
Drug offences	Total	T13DRT10	T13DRW10	T13DRM10	T13DRA10
	of which: Drug trafficking	T13DTT10	T13DTW10	T13DTM10	T13DTA10
					T13DTE10

Source of the data in Table 1.2.2 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

ST1311

Comments on Table 1.2.2 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CT1311

Rules of statistical recording applied for Tables 1.2.1 and 1.2.2

1.2.2.A Are minors (see Definitions section C) included among the suspected offenders presented in Table 1.2.1? CT13AA11

<i>Yes</i>	<i>No</i>	<i>Partially</i>
1	2	3

Comments

CT13AB11

1.2.2.B Specify the age bracket (i.e. the minimum and maximum age) used for minors in Tables 1.2.1 and 1.2.2.

<i>Minimum age CT13BA11</i> _____ years and above	<i>Maximum age CT13BB11</i> Under _____ years
--	--

Comments

CT13BC11

1.2.2.C. Aliens are usually defined as persons who do not have the citizenship of the State. Is this definition applied in your country (if not, please specify)? CT13CA11

Yes	No
1	2

Explanation of the difference

CT13CB11

1.2.2.D Are there written rules regulating the way in which the data shown in Tables 1.2.1 and 1.2.2 are recorded? CT13D11

Yes	No
1	2

1.2.2.E Is a principal offence rule applied?

- see Introduction (paragraph 1.3) **CT13EA11**

Yes	No
1	2

Explanation of the rule

CT13EB11

1.2.2.F How is a person who is suspected of multiple offences of the same kind (often called serial offences) counted? CT13FA11
 - see Introduction (paragraph 1.3)

<i>As one person</i>	<i>As two or more people</i>	<i>Other (please explain)</i> CT13FB11
1	2	3

1.2.2.G How is a person suspected of more than one offence in the same year counted?
 - see Introduction (paragraph 1.3) **CT13GA11**

<i>As one person</i>	<i>As two or more people</i>	<i>Other (please explain)</i> CT13GB11
1	2	3

1.2.2.H Have the data recording methods described above been modified between 2007 and 2011? CT13HA11
 - see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

<i>Yes</i>	<i>No</i>
1	2

<i>Explanation of the changes</i>
CT13HB11

Additional comments on questions 1.2.2.A - 1.2.2.H

CT13HC11

1.3 Police staff

Police officers: 'Police officers' is used as a generic term and relates to all ranks of police personnel		
		Indicate whether <u>included</u> or <u>excluded</u>:
	incl.	excl.
Include the following:	1	2
• criminal police	D14OPA11	
• traffic police	D14OPB11	
• border police	D14OPC11	
• gendarmerie	D14OPD11	
• uniformed police	D14OPE11	
• city guard or municipal police	D14OPF11	
Exclude the following:	1	2
• customs officers	D14OPG11	
• tax police	D14OPH11	
• military police	D14OPI11	
• secret service police	D14OPJ11	
• part-time officers	D14OPK11	
• police reserves	D14OPL11	
• cadet police officers	D14OPM11	
• court police	D14OPN11	

Civilians			
		Indicate whether <u>included</u> or <u>excluded</u> :	
		incl.	excl.
Include the following:		1	2
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • cadet police officers 		D14CPA11	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • clerical staff 		D14CPB11	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • technical staff 		D14CPC11	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • maintenance staff (cars) 		D14CPD11	
Exclude the following:		1	2
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • traffic wardens 		D14CPE11	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • domestic staff (including cleaners and caterers) 		D14CPF11	

Table 1.3 Police staff

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Number of police officers	T14OP07	T14OP08	T14OP09	T14OP10	T14OP11
Number of civilians	T14CP07	T14CP08	T14CP09	T14CP10	T14CP11

Source of the data in Table 1.3 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

ST1411

Comments on Table 1.3 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CT1411

Part 2 Prosecution statistics

The counting unit required here is the **case** (in the sense of proceedings relating to one person only) dealt with by prosecuting authorities. One case may combine several offences; one offence may lead to several cases. Where the use of the case as the counting unit is not possible, **proceedings** (i.e. not necessarily related to only one person) should be used. If both do not apply, the **person** is the counting unit. Persons are counted if each suspect is counted only once each year, although there might be many proceedings against him or her in the given year.

What is the counting unit used?

D2CUA11

Case (proceedings relating to one person only)	Proceedings	Person	Other (please explain) D2CUB11
1	2	3	4

It is important to distinguish between 'input' and 'output' statistics. In addition, the figures for pending cases, i.e. those cases that enter the prosecution stage in the reference year but are not disposed of in the same year should be provided if possible.

Definitions

Input cases:

All cases of criminal offences which are passed to the prosecuting authority for disposal in the reference year

Output cases:

All disposals made by the prosecuting authority in the reference year

Pending cases:

All cases pending at the end of reference year

Connection between input, output and pending cases:

For each year: Output = pending of previous year + input - pending of current year

Concerning the <u>criminal cases</u> handled by the prosecuting authority (input, output and pending cases)		
	Indicate whether <u>included</u> or <u>excluded</u> :	
	incl.	excl.
Include the following:	1	2
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cases reported to the prosecuting authority by other institutions (e.g. <i>customs, other non-police authorities</i>) 	D2CC11A	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cases where the offender remained unknown (<i>if applicable, if not please specify</i>) D2CC11D 	D2CC11B	
Exclude the following:	1	2
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cases dropped, conditionally disposed of or sanctioned by the police (<i>see below, question 2.2.J</i>) 	D2CC11C	

The differentiation between 'cases brought before a court' (formal charge) and the different types of prosecutorial decisions is not simple. It depends on how far the court is involved in the public prosecutor's decision-making. For example, the prosecutor may be empowered to impose conditions for dropping the case, with or without the court's consent.

In other cases, sanctions can be imposed by the public prosecutor (or by the court, but on application of the prosecutor and without a formal court hearing). These lead to a formal verdict and count as a conviction (e.g. a penal order – *Strafbefehl* in Germany, where the prosecutor brings a motion for a fine to be issued by the court after a summary review). This could be regarded (or counted in the statistics) as a sanction of the public prosecutor or a case brought before the court. If possible, it should be counted as a sanction imposed by the prosecutor.

Disposal categories (output data)				
		For each concept known in your legal system, please indicate whether included in or excluded from the data. Otherwise, please tick "concept does not exist".		
		Incl.	Excl.	Concept does not exist
		1	2	3
Cases brought before a court (e.g. <i>indictment, acte d'accusation, Anklageschrift</i>)		D2DC11A		
Sanctions and measures imposed by the prosecutor (or by the court, but on application of the prosecutor and without a formal court hearing) that lead to a formal verdict and count as a conviction (e.g. <i>penal order, Strafbefehl</i>)		D2DC11B		
Conditional disposals by the prosecutor without formal verdict (i.e. the case is dropped when condition is met by the suspect)				
Include the following conditions:				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fine 		D2DC11C		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Restitution 		D2DC11D		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Victim-Offender-Mediation 		D2DC11E		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Community service 		D2DC11F		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Supervision 		D2DC11G		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Order to undergo a specific therapeutic treatment 		D2DC11H		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Other 		D2DC11I		
Proceedings dropped unconditionally due to lack of public interest or for efficiency reasons		D2DC11J		
Proceedings dropped for legal or factual reasons				
Include the following:				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lack of evidence 		D2DC11K		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Act not an offence 		D2DC11L		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No criminal responsibility 		D2DC11M		

• No complaint from victim (where this is required for a prosecution) or complaint withdrawn	D2DC11N
• Ne bis in idem	D2DC11O
• Statute of limitation	D2DC11P
• Offender not available	D2DC11Q
Exclude the following:	
• Offender unknown	D2DC11R
Proceedings dropped because offender remained unknown	
Include the following:	
• Offender unknown	D2DC11S
Other disposals	
Include the following:	
• No competence	D2DC11T
• Transfer to another domestic authority	D2DC11U
• Transfer to a foreign authority	D2DC11V
• Private criminal prosecution recommended	D2DC11W

<i>Explanation of options available to prosecutors</i>
D2DC11X

Table 2.1.1 Total criminal cases handled by the prosecuting authorities

		2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Input cases		T21PA07	T21PA08	T21PA09	T21PA10	T21PA11
Cases pending on 31 st December 2006: _____ T21PB06		T21PB07	T21PB08	T21PB09	T21PB10	T21PB11
Output cases	Total	T21PC07	T21PC08	T21PC09	T21PC10	T21PC11
	of which: Cases brought before a court	T21PD07	T21PD08	T21PD09	T21PD10	T21PD11

Table 2.1.2 Criminal cases handled by the prosecuting authorities relating to minors

		2011	2008	2009	2010	2011
Input cases		T22MA07	T22MA08	T22MA09	T22MA10	T22MA11
Cases pending on 31 st December 2006: _____ T22MB06		T22MB07	T22MB08	T22MB09	T22MB10	T22MB11
Output cases	Total	T22MC07	T22MC08	T22MC09	T22MC10	T22MC11
	of which: Cases brought before a court	T22MD07	T22MD08	T22MD09	T22MD10	T22MD11

Source of the data in Tables 2.1.1 and 2.1.2 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

ST2211

Comments on Table 2.1.1 and 2.1.2 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CT2211

Please note: The questions 2.2 A to 2.2.K (after Table 2.2) also refer to these tables!

Table 2.1.3 Number of cases relating to females and aliens among all criminal cases handled by the prosecuting authorities in 2010

<i>Year of reference if other than 2010: T23YR10</i>				
	Total	Females	Aliens	
			Total	<i>of which:</i> EU citizen
Input cases	T23PIT10	T23PIW10	T23PIA10	T23PIE10
Cases pending on 31 st December 2010	T23PPT10	T23PPW10	T23PPA10	T23PPE10
Output cases	Total	T23POT10	T23POW10	T23POA10
	<i>of which:</i> Cases brought before a court	T23PCT10	T23PCW10	T23PCA10
				T23PCE10

Source of the data in Table 2.1.3– see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

ST2311

Comments on Table 2.1.3– see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CT2311

Please note: The questions 2.2 A to 2.2.K (after Table 2.2) also refer to this table!

Table 2.1.4 Cases disposed of by the prosecuting authorities in 2010

Year of reference if other than 2010: T24YR10			
		Total	Minors
Output cases	Total	T24OTA10	T24OMA10
	of which: Cases brought before a court	T24OTB10	T24OMB10
	of which: Sanctions and measures imposed by the prosecutor (or by the court, but on application of the prosecutor and without a formal court hearing) that lead to a formal verdict and count as a conviction	T24OTC10	T24OMC10
	of which: Conditional disposals	T24OTD10	T24OMD10
	of which: Fine	T24OTE10	T24OME10
	of which: Restitution	T24OTF10	T24OMF10
	of which: Victim-Offender-Mediation	T24OTG10	T24OMG10
	of which: Community Service	T24OTH10	T24OMH10
	of which: Supervision	T24OTI10	T24OMI10
	of which: Order to undergo a specific therapeutic treatment	T24OTJ10	T24OMJ10
	of which: Other measures	T24OTK10	T24OMK10
	of which: Mixed measures	T24OTL10	T24OML10
	of which: Proceedings dropped unconditionally due to lack of public interest or for efficiency reasons	T24OTM10	T24OMM10
	of which: Proceedings dropped for legal or factual reasons	T24OTN10	T24OMN10
	of which: Proceedings dropped because offender remained unknown	T24OTO10	T24OMO10
	of which: Other disposals	T24OTP10	T24OMP10

Source of the data in Table 2.1.4– see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

ST2411

Comments on Table 2.1.4– see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CT2411

Please note: The questions 2.2 A to 2.2.K (after Table 2.2) also refer to this table!

Tables 2.2 Cases brought before a court by offence group in 2010

If data for 2010 are not yet available, please give data for the latest available year and indicate the year of reference in the table.

Year of reference if other than 2010: T25YR10			
Type of offence		Total output	Cases brought before a court
Criminal offences total		T25TCA10	T25TCB10
Major traffic offences		T25TTA10	T25TTB10
Intentional homicide	Total	T25HOA10	T25HOB10
	of which: Completed	T25HCA10	T25HCB10
Bodily injury (assault)	Total	T25ASA10	T25ASB10
	of which: Aggravated bodily injury	T25AAA10	T25AAB10
Sexual assault	Total	T25SAA10	T25SAB10
	of which: Rape	T25RAA10	T25RAB10
	of which: Sexual abuse of a child	T25SMA10	T25SMB10
Robbery		T25ROA10	T25ROB10
Theft	Total	T25THA10	T25THB10
	of which: Theft of a motor vehicle	T25TVA10	T25TVB10
	of which: Burglary (total)	T25BUA10	T25BUB10
	of which: Domestic burglary	T25BDA10	T25BDB10
Fraud		T25FRA10	T25FRB10
Money laundering		T25MLA10	T25MLB10
Corruption		T25COA10	T25COB10
Drug offences	Total	T25DRA10	T25DRB10
	of which: Drug trafficking	T25DTA10	T25DTB10

Source of the data in Table 2.2 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

ST2511

Comments on Table 2.2 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CT2511

Rules of statistical recording applied for Tables 2.1.1 to 2.2

2.2.A Are cases referring to minors included in the total cases presented in Tables 2.1.1, 2.1.3 and 2.2? CT25AA11

Yes	No	Partially
1	2	3

Comments

CT25AB11

2.2.B Is the age bracket for minors used in Tables 2.1.2 and 2.1.4 the same as the one used in Table 1.2.2 (see question 1.2.2.B)? CT25BA11

Yes	No
1	2

If NO, please specify the age bracket (i.e. the minimum and maximum age) used for minors in Tables 2.1.2 and 2.1.4

<i>Minimum age CT25BB11</i> _____ years and above	<i>Maximum age CT25BC11</i> Under _____ years
<i>Comments</i> CT25BD11	

2.2.C Is the definition of aliens used in Table 2.1.3 the same that has been used in Table 1.2.2 (see question 1.2.2.C)? If not, please specify! **CT25CA11**

Yes	No
1	2

<i>Explanation of the difference</i>
 CT25CB11

2.2.D Do the offence definitions used in Table 2.2 differ from those in the 'Definitions' section? **CT25DA11**

Yes	No
1	2

<i>Explanation of the differences</i>
 CT25DB11

2.2.E Are there written rules regulating the way in which the data shown in Tables 2.1.1 to 2.2 are recorded? CT25E11

Yes	No
1	2

2.2.F How are individual proceedings counted if more than one person is involved? CT25F11

<i>As one case</i>	<i>As two or more cases</i>
1	2

2.2.G How are multiple offences of the same kind (often called serial offences) counted?
- see Introduction (paragraph 1.3) **CT25G11**

<i>As one case</i>	<i>As two or more cases</i>
1	2

2.2.H How is a person counted who is subject to two or more proceedings in one year?
- see Introduction (paragraph 1.3) **CT25H11**

<i>As one case</i>	<i>As two or more cases</i>
1	2

2.2.I Are data collected by other authorities (apart from the prosecutor or examining judge) included? CT25I11

<i>Included</i>	<i>Excluded</i>
1	2

2.2.J Do the police have separate powers to drop proceedings, conditionally dispose of them or issue a penal order that counts as a conviction? If yes, which powers do they have? CT25JA11 (Yes 1 / No2)

<i>No, none of these</i>	<i>Yes, they have the following powers</i>				
	Drop because offender remains unknown	Drop for other factual or for legal reasons	Drop for public interest reasons / simple caution	Conditional disposal / conditional caution	Penal order
	CT25JAA11	CT25JAC11	CT25JAE11	CT25JAG11	CT25JAI11
	CT25JAB11	CT25JAD11	CT25JAF11	CT25JAH11	CT25JAJ11

Please explain the options available

We don't need this comment box, as each option above has its own comment box

2.2.K Have the data recording methods described above been substantially modified between 2007 and 2011? CT25KA11
 - see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

<i>Yes</i>	<i>No</i>
1	2

Explanation of the changes

CT25KB11

Additional comments on questions 2.2.A – 2.2.K

CT25KC11

2.3 Persons whose freedom of movement was restricted in 2010

This Table refers to decisions through which movement of persons has been restricted before final conviction during 2010 while they were, as suspects, under criminal investigation. Such measures can be ordered by the police, the prosecutors, the court or, in some cases, other authorities.

Decisions made outside a criminal procedure (such as, e.g., measures of constraints against illegal immigrants), should, if possible, be excluded from this Table. If it is not possible to exclude these cases, please give us a figure in the box after **question 2.2.A**.

If data for 2010 are not yet available, please give data for the latest available year and indicate the year of reference in the table. Please use **flow data**, if possible. If using stock data instead, please state the reference date in **question 2.2.B**.

Year of reference if other than 2010: T26YR10				
	Ordered by the police	Ordered by a prosecutor	Ordered by court	Ordered by another authority
Persons in police custody	T26PC10A	T26PC10B	T26PC10C	T26PC10D
Persons in pre-trial detention	T26PT10A	T26PT10B	T26PT10C	T26PT10D

Source of the data in Table 2.3 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

ST26

Comments on Table 2.3 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CT26

Rules of statistical recording applied for Table 2.3

2.3.A Are decisions made outside a criminal procedure (such as, e.g., measures of constraints against irregular immigrants) excluded from the Table?
CT26AA11

Yes	No
1	2

If NO, please explain and give appropriate figures!

CT26AB11

2.3.B Are the figures in the table flow data or stock data?
CT26BA11

Flow	Stock
1	2

If you used stock data, please give the reference date:

CT26BB11

Table 2.4 Staff of the prosecuting authority

		2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Number of employees	Total	T27NE07	T27NE08	T27NE09	T27NE10	T27NE11
	<i>of which:</i> Number of prosecutors	T27NP07	T27NP08	T27NP09	T27NP10	T27NP11

Source of the data in Table 2.4 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

ST27

Comments on Table 2.4 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CT27

Part 3 Conviction statistics

3.1 Persons convicted

The counting unit in the following tables is the person convicted. Therefore, the **number of persons convicted** for the offences listed in the tables in this section should be indicated. The conviction means that the person was found guilty, according to the law, of having committed an offence and therefore has a criminal record.

As a rule, a person convicted more than once in a year of having committed an offence will be counted more than once.

Persons convicted	Indicate whether included or excluded:	
	incl.	excl.
Include the following:	1	2
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • court convictions 		D31PCA11
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • sanctions imposed by the prosecutor (or by the court, but on application of the prosecutor and without a formal court hearing) that lead to a formal verdict and count as a conviction (e.g. <i>penal order, Strafbefehl</i>) 		D31PCB11
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • convictions of minors in regular criminal proceedings (see <i>Definitions, question C.2</i>) 		D31PCC11
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • convictions of minors in juvenile criminal proceedings (see <i>Definitions, question C.2</i>) 		D31PCD11
Exclude the following:		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • sanctions imposed by the prosecutor that do not lead to a formal verdict and do not count as a conviction (e.g. conditional disposals) 		D31PCE11
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • sanctions / measures imposed by the police 		D31PCF11
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • sanctions / measures imposed by other state bodies 		D31PCG11
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • reactions on criminal or deviant behaviour of minors imposed in family court or youth welfare proceedings (see <i>Definitions, question C.2</i>) 		D31PCH11

Table 3.1.1 Total number of persons convicted

The 'Total for criminal offences' should refer to the number of persons convicted for all offences and not just the offences mentioned in this table.

Type of offence		2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Criminal offences total		T31TC07	T31TC08	T31TC09	T31TC10	T31TC11
Major traffic offences		T31TT07	T31TT08	T31TT09	T31TT10	T31TT11
Intentional homicide	Total	T31HO07	T31HO08	T31HO09	T31HO10	T31HO11
	<i>of which: Completed</i>	T31HC07	T31HC08	T31HC09	T31HC10	T31HC11
Bodily injury (assault)	Total	T31AS07	T31AS08	T31AS09	T31AS10	T31AS11
	<i>of which: Aggravated bodily injury</i>	T31AA07	T31AA08	T31AA09	T31AA10	T31AA11
Sexual assault	Total	T31SA07	T31SA08	T31SA09	T31SA10	T31SA11
	<i>of which: Rape</i>	T31RA07	T31RA08	T31RA09	T31RA10	T31RA11
	<i>of which: Sexual abuse of a child</i>	T31SM07	T31SM08	T31SM09	T31SM10	T31SM11
Robbery		T31RO07	T31RO08	T31RO09	T31RO10	T31RO11
Theft	Total	T31TH07	T31TH08	T31TH09	T31TH10	T31TH11
	<i>of which: Theft of a motor vehicle</i>	T31TV07	T31TV08	T31TV09	T31TV10	T31TV11
	<i>of which: Burglary (total)</i>	T31BU07	T31BU08	T31BU09	T31BU10	T31BU11
	<i>of which: Domestic burglary</i>	T31BD07	T31BD08	T31BD09	T31BD10	T31BD11
Fraud		T31FR07	T31FR08	T31FR09	T31FR10	T31FR11
Money laundering		T31ML07	T31ML08	T31ML09	T31ML10	T31ML11
Corruption		T31CO07	T31CO08	T31CO09	T31CO10	T31CO11
Drug offences	Total	T31DR07	T31DR08	T31DR09	T31DR10	T31DR11
	<i>of which: Drug trafficking</i>	T31DT07	T31DT08	T31DT09	T31DT10	T31DT11

Source of the data in Table 3.1.1 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

ST3111

Comments on Table 3.1.1 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CT3111

Please note: The questions 3.1.2 A to 3.1.2.I (after Table 3.1.2) also refer to this table!

Table 3.1.2 Number of females, minors and aliens among persons convicted in 2010

The 'Total for criminal offences' should refer to the number of persons convicted for all offences and not just the offences mentioned in this table. If data for 2010 are not yet available, please give data for the latest available year and indicate the year of reference in the table.

Year of reference if other than 2010: T32YR10						
Type of offence		Total	Number of females	Number of minors	Number of aliens	
					Total	of which: EU citizen
Criminal offences total		T32TCT10	T32TCW10	T32TCM10	T32TCA10	T32TCE10
Major traffic offences		T32TTT10	T32TTW10	T32TTM10	T32TTA10	T32TTE10
Intentional homicide	Total	T32HOT10	T32HOW10	T32HOM10	T32HOA10	T32HOE10
	of which: Completed	T32HCT10	T32HCW10	T32HCM10	T32HCA10	T32HCE10
Bodily injury (assault)	Total	T32AST10	T32ASW10	T32ASM10	T32ASA10	T32ASE10
	of which: Aggravated bodily injury	T32AAT10	T32AAW10	T32AAM10	T32AAA10	T32AAE10
Sexual assault	Total	T32SAT10	T32SAW10	T32SAM10	T32SAA10	T32SAE10
	of which: Rape	T32RAT10	T32RAW10	T32RAM10	T32RAA10	T32RAE10
	of which: Sexual abuse of a child	T32SMT10	T32SMW10	T32SMM10	T32SMA10	T32SME10
Robbery		T32ROT10	T32ROW10	T32ROM10	T32ROA10	T32ROE10
Theft	Total	T32THT10	T32THW10	T32THM10	T32THA10	T32THE10
	of which: Theft of a motor vehicle	T32TVT10	T32TVW10	T32TVM10	T32TVA10	T32TVE10
	of which: Burglary (total)	T32BUT10	T32BUW10	T32BUM10	T32BUA10	T32BUE10
	of which: Domestic burglary	T32BDT10	T32BDW10	T32BDM10	T32BDA10	T32BDE10
Fraud		T32FRT10	T32FRW10	T32FRM10	T32FRA10	T32FRE10
Money laundering		T32MLT10	T32MLW10	T32MLM10	T32MLA10	T32MLE10
Corruption		T32COT10	T32COW10	T32COM10	T32COA10	T32COE10
Drug offences	Total	T32DRT10	T32DRW10	T32DRM10	T32DRA10	T32DRE10
	of which: Drug trafficking	T32DTT10	T32DTW10	T32DTM10	T32DTA10	T32DTE10

Source of the data in Table 3.1.2 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

ST3211

Comments on Table 3.1.2 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CT3211

Rules of statistical recording applied for Tables 3.1.1 and 3.1.2

3.1.2.A Are minors included among the persons convicted presented in Table 3.1.1?

CT32AA11

Yes	No	<i>Partially</i>
1	2	3

Comments

CT32AB11

3.1.2.B Is the age bracket for minors used in Table 3.1.2 the same as the one used in Table 1.2.2 (see question 1.2.2.B)? CT32BA11

Yes	No
1	2

If NO, please specify the age bracket (i.e. the minimum and maximum age) used for minors in Table 3.1.2

<i>Minimum age CT32BB11</i> _____ years and above	<i>Maximum age CT32BC11</i> Under _____ years
<i>Comments</i> CT32BD11	

3.1.2.C Is the definition of aliens used in Table 3.1.2 the same that has been used in Table 1.2.2 (see question 1.2.2.C)? If not, please specify! **CT32CA11**

Yes	No
1	2

<i>Explanation of the difference</i>
CT32CB11

3.1.2.D Are there written rules regulating the way in which the data shown in Tables 3.1.1 and 3.1.2 are recorded? **CT32D11**

Yes	No
1	2

3.1.2.E At what stage of the process does the data refer to?

- see Introduction (paragraph 1.3) **CT32E11**

<i>Before appeals</i>	<i>After appeals</i>
1	2

3.1.2.F Is a principal offence rule applied?

- see Introduction (paragraph 1.3) **CT32FA11**

Yes	No
1	2

Explanation of the rule

CT32FB11

3.1.2.G How is a person who is convicted for multiple offences of the same kind (often called serial offences) counted? CT32GA11

- see Introduction (paragraph 1.3)

<i>As one person</i>	<i>As two or more people</i>	<i>Other (please explain) CT32GB11</i>
1	2	3

3.1.2.H How is a person convicted more than once in the same year counted? CT32HA11

- see Introduction (paragraph 1.3)

<i>As one person</i>	<i>As two or more people</i>	<i>Other (please explain) CT32HB11</i>
1	2	3

3.1.2.I Have the data recording methods described above been modified between 2007 and 2011? CT32IA11

- see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

<i>Yes</i>	<i>No</i>
1	2

Explanation of the changes

CT32IB11

Additional comments on questions 3.1.2.A – 3.1.2.I

CT32IC11

3.2 Sanctions and measures imposed

The following tables ask you to provide data on sanctions and measures imposed upon all persons (i.e. adults and minors) together (Tables 3.2.1.1 and 3.2.1.2) and separately on sanctions and measures imposed upon minors (Tables 3.2.2.1 and 3.2.2.2). In order to maintain consistency across tables, if possible, please use the same age range for minors already used in table 3.1.2. If there are no data available on sanctions and measures imposed on minors or they cannot be separated from adults complete Tables 3.2.1.1 and 3.2.1.2 leaving Tables 3.2.2.1 and 3.2.2.2 blank.

3.2.1.1 Total persons receiving sanctions/measures in 2010

The 'Total' for criminal offences should refer to all persons receiving sanctions/measures for all offences and not just the offences mentioned in this table. As in Tables 3.1.1 and 3.1.2, data should refer to convictions only. If data for 2010 are not yet available, please give data for the latest available year and indicate the year of reference in the table.

The counting unit here is the *person*. Therefore, the different subcategories should sum up to the total. In the case of multiple sanctions imposed on one person at the same time, please refer to the most severe sanction imposed (principal sanction rule, see Introduction [paragraph 1.3]). In addition, a principal offence rule should be applied for the breakdown by offences (see Introduction [paragraph 1.3]).

Year of reference if other than 2010: T33YR10																				
Type of offence		Total sanctions and measures		Verdict / admonition only		Fines		Non-custodial sanctions and measures				Suspended custodial sanctions and measures				Unsuspended custodial sanctions and measures				Other measures (please specify)
								Total	of which: Community service	of which: Supervision	of which: Probation as a sanction of its own right ⁵	Total	of which: with community service	of which: Supervision	Total	of which: Partially suspended ⁶	of which: Psychiatric hospital			
Criminal offences total		T33TC A10	T33TC B10	T33TC C10	T33TC D10	T33TC E10	T33TC F10	T33TC G10	T33TC H10	T33TC I10	T33TC J10	T33TC K10	T33TC L10	T33TC M10	T33TC N10					
Major traffic offences		T33TT A10	T33TT B10	T33TT C10	T33TT D10	T33TT E10	T33TT F10	T33TT G10	T33TT H10	T33TT I10	T33TT J10	T33TT K10	T33TT L10	T33TT M10	T33TT N10					
Intentional homicide	Total	T33HO A10	T33HO B10	T33HO C10	T33HO D10	T33HO E10	T33HO F10	T33HO G10	T33HO H10	T33HO I10	T33HO J10	T33HO K10	T33HO L10	T33HO M10	T33HO N10					
	of which: Complete d	T33HC A10	T33HC B10	T33HC C10	T33HC D10	T33HC E10	T33HC F10	T33HC G10	T33HC H10	T33HC I10	T33HC J10	T33HC K10	T33HC L10	T33HC M10	T33HC N10					
Bodily injury	Total	T33AS A10	T33AS B10	T33AS C10	T33AS D10	T33AS E10	T33AS F10	T33AS G10	T33AS H10	T33AS I10	T33AS J10	T33AS K10	T33AS L10	T33AS M10	T33AS N10					

⁵ For example in England & Wales.

⁶ Initially imposed like this by the criminal court (i.e.: excluding conditional release).

(assault)	of which: Aggravated bodily injury	T33AA A10	T33AA B10	T33AA C10	T33AA D10	T33AA E10	T33AA F10	T33AA G10	T33AA H10	T33AA I10	T33AA J10	T33AA K10	T33AA L10	T33AA M10	T33AA N10
Sexual assault	Total	T33SA A10	T33SA B10	T33SA C10	T33SA D10	T33SA E10	T33SA F10	T33SA G10	T33SA H10	T33SA I10	T33SA J10	T33SA K10	T33SA L10	T33SA M10	T33SA N10
	of which: Rape	T33RA A10	T33RA B10	T33RA C10	T33RA D10	T33RA E10	T33RA F10	T33RA G10	T33RA H10	T33RA I10	T33RA J10	T33RA K10	T33RA L10	T33RA M10	T33RA N10
	of which: Sexual abuse of a child	T33SM A10	T33SM B10	T33SM C10	T33SM D10	T33SM E10	T33SM F10	T33SM G10	T33SM H10	T33SM I10	T33SM J10	T33SM K10	T33SM L10	T33SM M10	T33SM N10
Robbery		T33RO A10	T33RO B10	T33RO C10	T33RO D10	T33RO E10	T33RO F10	T33RO G10	T33RO H10	T33RO I10	T33RO J10	T33RO K10	T33RO L10	T33RO M10	T33RO N10
Theft	Total	T33TH A10	T33TH B10	T33TH C10	T33TH D10	T33TH E10	T33TH F10	T33TH G10	T33TH H10	T33TH I10	T33TH J10	T33TH K10	T33TH L10	T33TH M10	T33TH N10
	of which: Theft of a motor vehicle	T33TV A10	T33TV B10	T33TV C10	T33TV D10	T33TV E10	T33TV F10	T33TV G10	T33TV H10	T33TV I10	T33TV J10	T33TV K10	T33TV L10	T33TV M10	T33TV N10
	of which: Burglary (total)	T33BU A10	T33BU B10	T33BU C10	T33BU D10	T33BU E10	T33BU F10	T33BU G10	T33BU H10	T33BU I10	T33BU J10	T33BU K10	T33BU L10	T33BU M10	T33BU N10
	of which: Domestic burglary	T33BD A10	T33BD B10	T33BD C10	T33BD D10	T33BD E10	T33BD F10	T33BD G10	T33BD H10	T33BD I10	T33BD J10	T33BD K10	T33BD L10	T33BD M10	T33BD N10
Fraud		T33FR A10	T33FR B10	T33FR C10	T33FR D10	T33FR E10	T33FR F10	T33FR G10	T33FR H10	T33FR I10	T33FR J10	T33FR K10	T33FR L10	T33FR M10	T33FR N10
Money laundering		T33ML A10	T33ML B10	T33ML C10	T33ML D10	T33ML E10	T33ML F10	T33ML G10	T33ML H10	T33ML I10	T33ML J10	T33ML K10	T33ML L10	T33ML M10	T33ML N10
Corruption		T33CO A10	T33CO B10	T33CO C10	T33CO D10	T33CO E10	T33CO F10	T33CO G10	T33CO H10	T33CO I10	T33CO J10	T33CO K10	T33CO L10	T33CO M10	T33CO N10
Drug offences	Total	T33DR A10	T33DR B10	T33DR C10	T33DR D10	T33DR E10	T33DR F10	T33DR G10	T33DR H10	T33DR I10	T33DR J10	T33DR K10	T33DR L10	T33DR M10	T33DR N10
	of which: Drug trafficking	T33DT A10	T33DT B10	T33DT C10	T33DT D10	T33DT E10	T33DT F10	T33DT G10	T33DT H10	T33DT I10	T33DT J10	T33DT K10	T33DT L10	T33DT M10	T33DT N10

Total persons receiving sanctions/measures in 2010– Other offences: Please specify

CT33OM

3.2.1.2 Community sanctions and measures imposed in 2010

Differently from above, the counting unit here is the *sanction*. Therefore, each sanction and measure should be counted separately, even if it was imposed on the same person at the same time as another sanction. However, a principal offence rule should be applied for the breakdown by offences (see Introduction [paragraph 1.3]).

Year of reference if other than 2010: T34YR10									
		Total sanctions and measures	Total community sanctions and measures	Community service	Supervision	Restitution	Ambulant therapeutic treatment	Probation as a sanction in its own right	Other community sanctions and measures
Criminal offences total		T34TCA10	T34TCB10	T34TCC10	T34TCD10	T34TCE10	T34TCF10	T34TCG10	T34TCH10
Major traffic offences		T34TTA10	T34TTB10	T34TTC10	T34TTD10	T34TTE10	T34TTF10	T34TTG10	T34TTH10
Intentional homicide	Total	T34HOA10	T34HOB10	T34HOC10	T34HOD10	T34HOE10	T34HOF10	T34HOG10	T34HOH10
	of which: Completed	T34HCA10	T34HCB10	T34HCC10	T34HCD10	T34HCE10	T34HCF10	T34HCG10	T34HCH10
Bodily injury (assault)	Total	T34ASA10	T34ASB10	T34ASC10	T34ASD10	T34ASE10	T34ASF10	T34ASG10	T34ASH10
	of which: Aggravated bodily injury	T34AAA10	T34AAB10	T34AAC10	T34AAD10	T34AAE10	T34AAF10	T34AAG10	T34AAH10
Sexual assault	Total	T34SAA10	T34SAB10	T34SAC10	T34SAD10	T34SAE10	T34SAF10	T34SAG10	T34SAH10
	of which: Rape	T34RAA10	T34RAB10	T34RAC10	T34RAD10	T34RAE10	T34RAF10	T34RAG10	T34RAH10
	of which: Sexual abuse of a child	T34SMA10	T34SMB10	T34SMC10	T34SMD10	T34SME10	T34SMF10	T34SMG10	T34SMH10
Robbery		T34ROA10	T34ROB10	T34ROC10	T34ROD10	T34ROE10	T34ROF10	T34ROG10	T34ROH10
Theft	Total	T34THA10	T34THB10	T34THC10	T34THD10	T34THE10	T34THF10	T34THG10	T34THH10
	of which: Theft of a motor vehicle	T34TVA10	T34TVB10	T34TVC10	T34TVD10	T34TVE10	T34TVF10	T34TVG10	T34TVH10

	<i>of which: Burglary (total)</i>	T34BUA10	T34BUB10	T34BUC10	T34BUD10	T34BUE10	T34BUF10	T34BUG10	T34BUH10
	<i>of which: Domestic burglary</i>	T34BDA10	T34BDB10	T34BDC10	T34BDD10	T34BDE10	T34BDF10	T34BDG10	T34BDH10
Fraud		T34FRA10	T34FRB10	T34FRC10	T34FRD10	T34FRE10	T34FRF10	T34FRG10	T34FRH10
Money laundering		T34MLA10	T34MLB10	T34MLC10	T34MLD10	T34MLE10	T34MLF10	T34MLG10	T34MLH10
Corruption		T34COA10	T34COB10	T34COC10	T34COD10	T34COE10	T34COF10	T34COG10	T34COH10
Drug offences	Total	T34DRA10	T34DRB10	T34DRC10	T34DRD10	T34DRE10	T34DRF10	T34DRG10	T34DRH10
	<i>of which: Drug trafficking</i>	T34DTA10	T34DTB10	T34DTC10	T34DTD10	T34DTE10	T34DTF10	T34DTG10	T34DTH10

3.2.2.1 Minors receiving sanctions/measures in 2010

The 'Total' for criminal offences should refer to the number of minors receiving sanctions/measures for all offences and not just the offences mentioned in this table. As in Tables 3.1.1 and 3.1.2, data should refer to convictions only. If data for 2010 are not yet available, please give data for the latest available year and indicate the year of reference in the table.

The counting unit here is the *person*. Therefore, the different subcategories should sum up to the total. In the case of multiple sanctions imposed on one person at the same time, please refer to the most severe sanction imposed (principal sanction rule, see Introduction [paragraph 1.3]). In addition, a principal offence rule should be applied for the breakdown by offences (see Introduction [paragraph 1.3]).

Year of reference if other than 2010: T35YR10														
Type of offence		Total sanctions and measures	Verdict / admonition only	Fines	Non-custodial sanctions and measures				Suspended custodial sanctions and measures				Unsuspended custodial sanctions and measures	
					Total	of which: Community service	of which: Supervision	of which: Probation as a sanction of its own right ⁷	Total	of which: with community service	of which: with Supervision	Total		
Criminal offences total	T35TCA10	T35TCB10	T35TCC10	T35TCD10	T35TCE10	T35TCF10	T35TCG10	T35TCH10	T35TCI10	T35TCJ10	T35TCK10	T35TCL10	T35TCL10	
Major traffic offences	T35TTA10	T35TTB10	T35TTC10	T35TTD10	T35TTE10	T35TTF10	T35TTG10	T35TTH10	T35TTI10	T35TTJ10	T35TTK10	T35TTL10	T35TTL10	
Intentional homicide	Total	T35HOA10	T35HOB10	T35HOC10	T35HOD10	T35HOE10	T35HOF10	T35HOG10	T35HOH10	T35HOI10	T35HOJ10	T35HOK10	T35HOL10	
	of which: Completed	T35HCA10	T35HCB10	T35HCC10	T35HCD10	T35HCE10	T35HCF10	T35HCG10	T35HCH10	T35HCI10	T35HCJ10	T35HCK10	T35HCL10	
Bodily injury (assault)	Total	T35ASA10	T35ASB10	T35ASC10	T35ASD10	T35ASE10	T35ASF10	T35ASG10	T35ASH10	T35ASI10	T35ASJ10	T35ASK10	T35ASL10	
	of which: Aggravated bodily injury	T35AAA10	T35AAB10	T35AAC10	T35AAD10	T35AAE10	T35AAF10	T35AAG10	T35AAH10	T35AAI10	T35AAJ10	T35AAK10	T35AAL10	
Sexual assault	Total	T35SAA10	T35SAB10	T35SAC10	T35SAD10	T35SAE10	T35SAF10	T35SAG10	T35SAH10	T35SAI10	T35SAJ10	T35SAK10	T35SAL10	
	of which: Rape	T35RAA10	T35RAB10	T35RAC10	T35RAD10	T35RAE10	T35RAF10	T35RAG10	T35RAH10	T35RAI10	T35RAJ10	T35RAK10	T35RAL10	
	of which: Sexual abuse of a child	T35SMA10	T35SMB10	T35SMC10	T35SMD10	T35SME10	T35SMF10	T35SMG10	T35SMH10	T35SMI10	T35SMJ10	T35SMK10	T35SML10	

⁷ For example in England & Wales

⁸ Initially imposed like this by the criminal court (i.e.: excluding conditional release).

Robbery		T35ROA10	T35ROB10	T35ROC10	T35ROD10	T35ROE10	T35ROF10	T35ROG10	T35ROH10	T35ROI10	T35ROJ10	T35ROK10	T35ROL10
Theft	Total	T35THA10	T35THB10	T35THC10	T35THD10	T35THE10	T35THF10	T35THG10	T35THH10	T35THI10	T35THJ10	T35THK10	T35THL10
	of which: Theft of a motor vehicle	T35TVA10	T35TVB10	T35TVC10	T35TVD10	T35TVE10	T35TVF10	T35TVG10	T35TVH10	T35TVI10	T35TVJ10	T35TVK10	T35TVL10
	of which: Burglary (total)	T35BUA10	T35BUB10	T35BUC10	T35BUD10	T35BUE10	T35BUF10	T35BUG10	T35BUH10	T35BUI10	T35BUJ10	T35BUK10	T35BUL10
	of which: Domestic burglary	T35BDA10	T35BDB10	T35BDC10	T35BDD10	T35BDE10	T35BDF10	T35BDG10	T35BDH10	T35BDI10	T35BDJ10	T35BDK10	T35BDL10
Fraud		T35FRA10	T35FRB10	T35FRC10	T35FRD10	T35FRE10	T35FRF10	T35FRG10	T35FRH10	T35FRI10	T35FRJ10	T35FRK10	T35FRL10
Money laundering		T35MLA10	T35MLB10	T35MLC10	T35MLD10	T35MLE10	T35MLF10	T35MLG10	T35MLH10	T35MLI10	T35MLJ10	T35MLK10	T35MLL10
Corruption		T35COA10	T35COB10	T35COC10	T35COD10	T35COE10	T35COF10	T35COG10	T35COH10	T35COI10	T35COJ10	T35COK10	T35COL10
Drug offences	Total	T35DRA10	T35DRB10	T35DRC10	T35DRD10	T35DRE10	T35DRF10	T35DRG10	T35DRH10	T35DRI10	T35DRJ10	T35DRK10	T35DRL10
	of which: Drug trafficking	T35DTA10	T35DTB10	T35DTC10	T35DTD10	T35DTE10	T35DTF10	T35DTG10	T35DTH10	T35DTI10	T35DTJ10	T35DTK10	T35DTL10

3.2.2.2 Community sanctions and measures imposed upon minors in 2010

Differently from above, the counting unit here is the *sanction*. Therefore, each sanction and measure should be counted separately, even if it was imposed on the same person at the same time as another sanction. However, a principal offence rule should be applied for the breakdown by offences (see Introduction [paragraph 1.3]).

Year of reference if other than 2010: T36YR10												
			Total sanctions and measures	Total community sanctions and measures	Community service	Supervision	Restitution	Ambulant therapeutic treatment	Probation as a sanction in its own right	Educational sanctions and measures	Other community sanctions and measures	
Criminal offences total			T36TCA10	T36TCB10	T36TCC10	T36TCD10	T36TCE10	T36TCF10	T36TCG10	T36TCH10	T36TCI10	
Major traffic offences			T36TTA10	T36TTB10	T36TTC10	T36TTD10	T36TTE10	T36TTF10	T36TTG10	T36TTH10	T36TTI10	

Intentional homicide	Total	T36HOA10	T36HOB10	T36HOC10	T36HOD10	T36HOE10	T36HOF10	T36HOG10	T36HOH10	T36HOI10
	of which: Completed	T36HCA10	T36HCB10	T36HCC10	T36HCD10	T36HCE10	T36HCF10	T36HCG10	T36HCH10	T36HCl10
Bodily injury (assault)	Total	T36ASA10	T36ASB10	T36ASC10	T36ASD10	T36ASE10	T36ASF10	T36ASG10	T36ASH10	T36ASI10
	of which: Aggravated bodily injury	T36AAA10	T36AAB10	T36AAC10	T36AAD10	T36AAE10	T36AAF10	T36AAG10	T36AAH10	T36AAI10
Sexual assault	Total	T36SAA10	T36SAB10	T36SAC10	T36SAD10	T36SAE10	T36SAF10	T36SAG10	T36SAH10	T36SAI10
	of which: Rape	T36RAA10	T36RAB10	T36RAC10	T36RAD10	T36RAE10	T36RAF10	T36RAG10	T36RAH10	T36RAI10
	of which: Sexual abuse of a child	T36SMA10	T36SMB10	T36SMC10	T36SMD10	T36SME10	T36SMF10	T36SMG10	T36SMH10	T36SMI10
Robbery		T36ROA10	T36ROB10	T36ROC10	T36ROD10	T36ROE10	T36ROF10	T36ROG10	T36ROH10	T36ROI10
Theft	Total	T36THA10	T36THB10	T36THC10	T36THD10	T36THE10	T36THF10	T36THG10	T36THH10	T36THI10
	of which: Theft of a motor vehicle	T36TVA10	T36TVB10	T36TVC10	T36TVD10	T36TVE10	T36TVF10	T36TVG10	T36TVH10	T36TVI10
	of which: Burglary (total)	T36BUA10	T36BUB10	T36BUC10	T36BUD10	T36BUE10	T36BUF10	T36BUG10	T36BUH10	T36BUI10
	of which: Domestic burglary	T36BDA10	T36BDB10	T36BDC10	T36BDD10	T36BDE10	T36BDF10	T36BDG10	T36BDH10	T36BDI10
Fraud		T36FRA10	T36FRB10	T36FRC10	T36FRD10	T36FRE10	T36FRF10	T36FRG10	T36FRH10	T36FRI10
Money laundering		T36MLA10	T36MLB10	T36MLC10	T36MLD10	T36MLE10	T36MLF10	T36MLG10	T36MLH10	T36MLI10
Corruption		T36COA10	T36COB10	T36COC10	T36COD10	T36COE10	T36COF10	T36COG10	T36COH10	T36COI10
Drug offences	Total	T36DRA10	T36DRB10	T36DRC10	T36DRD10	T36DRE10	T36DRF10	T36DRG10	T36DRH10	T36DRI10
	of which: Drug trafficking	T36DTA10	T36DTB10	T36DTC10	T36DTD10	T36DTE10	T36DTF10	T36DTG10	T36DTH10	T36DTI10

Minors receiving sanctions/measures in 2010 – Other offences: Please specify

CT35OM

Source of the data in Tables 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.2.2 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

ST3611

Comments on Tables 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.2.2 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CT3611

Rules of statistical recording applied for Tables 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.2.2

3.2.2.A Is the definition of the person convicted used for Tables 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.2.2 the same as the one used for Table 3.1.1 and 3.1.2 (see the definition table directly before Table 3.1.1)

CT36AA11

Yes	No
1	2

Explanation of the difference

CT36AB11

3.2.2.B Are sanctions and measures imposed upon minors included in Tables 3.2.1.1 and 3.2.1.2? CT36BA11

Yes	No	Partially
1	2	3

<i>Comments</i>
CT36BB11

3.2.2.C Is the age bracket for minors used in Tables 3.2.2.1 and 3.2.2.2 the same as the one used in Table 3.1.2 (see question 3.1.2.B)? CT36CA11

Yes	No
1	2

If NO, please specify the age bracket (i.e. the minimum and maximum age) used for minors in Tables 3.2.2.1 and 3.2.2.2

<i>Minimum age CT36CB11</i> _____ years and above	<i>Maximum age CT36CC11</i> Under _____ years
<i>Comments</i>	CT36CD11

3.2.2.D Are there written rules regulating the way in which the data shown in Tables 3.2.1.1 to 3.2.2.2 are recorded?

Table 3.2 a to 3.f CT36DA11

Table 3.3 (3.a) CT36DB11

Table 3.4 (4.a) CT36DC11

Table 3.5 (5.a) CT36DD11

Yes	No
1	2

3.2.2.E At what stage of the process does the data refer to?

- see Introduction (paragraph 1.3) **CT36E11**

<i>Before appeals</i>	<i>After appeals</i>
-----------------------	----------------------

1	2
---	---

3.2.2.F Is a principal sanction rule applied?

- see Introduction (paragraph 1.3)

Please note: A principal sanction rule should, if possible, be applied in Tables 3.2.1.1 and 3.2.2.1, but not in Tables 3.2.1.2 and 3.2.2.2.

CT36FA11

CT36FB11

CT36FC11

CT36FD11

Table 3.2.1.1		Table 3.2.1.2		Table 3.2.2.1		Table 3.2.2.2	
Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2

Explanation of the rule

CT36FE11

3.2.2.G Is a principal offence rule applied? CT36GA11

- see Introduction (paragraph 1.3)

Yes	No
1	2

Explanation of the rule

CT36GB11

3.2.2.H How is a person who is convicted for multiple offences of the same kind (often called serial offences) counted? CT36HA11

- see Introduction (paragraph 1.3)

As one person	As two or more people	Other (please explain) CT36HB11
---------------	-----------------------	--

1	2	3
---	---	---

3.2.2.I How is a person convicted more than once in the same year counted?

- see Introduction (paragraph 1.3) **CT36IA11**

<i>As one person</i>	<i>As two or more people</i>	<i>Other (please explain) CT36IB11</i>
1	2	3

3.2.2.J Have the data recording methods described above been modified between 2007 and 2011? CT36JA11

- see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

Yes	No
1	2

<i>Explanation of the changes</i>
CT36JB11

Additional comments on questions 3.2.2.A – 3.2.2.J

CT36JC11

Table 3.2.3 Persons convicted by length of unsuspended custodial sanctions and measures imposed in 2010

The length to be taken into account is the length of the **initial unsuspended custodial sanction** imposed by the courts, not the actual time spent in prison. Indeterminate sanctions or measures should include all custodial sentences (other than life) where no sentence length has been imposed by the courts. Average sentence length should be calculated only for custodial sentences whose length is known (i.e. excluding life and indeterminate sentences). If possible, this should be the sentence given for the most serious offence. If it is not possible to show the sentence lengths as indicated, use the row 'Other sentence lengths' to show what sentence length bands are available. If the court imposes a custodial sentence that is *ab initio* partially suspended and partially unsuspended, the length reported here should be the length of the unsuspended part of the sentence.

If data for 2010 are not yet available, please give data for the latest available year and indicate the year of reference in the table.

Year of reference if other than 2010: T37YR10											
Type of offence		Total unsuspended custodial sanctions	Under 6 months	6 months and less than 12 months	12 months and less than 24 months	24 months and less than 60 months	60 months and less than 120 months	120 months and over	Average length of custodial sanction / measure (in months)	Life	Indeterminate sanctions / measures
Other sentence lengths (if unable to use the ones above)		T37SLA10	T37SLB10	T37SLC10	T37SLD10	T37SLE10	T37SLF10	T37SLG10	T37SLH10	T37SLI10	T37SLJ10
Criminal offences total		T37TCA10	T37TCB10	T37TCC10	T37TCD10	T37TCE10	T37TCF10	T37TCG10	T37TCH10	T37TCI10	T37TCJ10
Major traffic offences		T37TTA10	T37TTB10	T37TTC10	T37TTD10	T37TTE10	T37TTF10	T37TTG10	T37TTH10	T37TTI10	T37TTJ10
Intentional homicide	Total	T37HOA10	T37HOB10	T37HOC10	T37HOD10	T37HOE10	T37HOF10	T37HOG10	T37HOH10	T37HOI10	T37HOJ10
	of which: Completed	T37HCA10	T37HCB10	T37HCC10	T37HCD10	T37HCE10	T37HCF10	T37HCG10	T37HCH10	T37HCI10	T37HCJ10
Bodily injury (assault)	Total	T37ASA10	T37ASB10	T37ASC10	T37ASD10	T37ASE10	T37ASF10	T37ASG10	T37ASH10	T37ASI10	T37ASJ10
	of which: Aggravated bodily injury	T37AAA10	T37AAB10	T37AAC10	T37AAD10	T37AAE10	T37AAF10	T37AAG10	T37AAH10	T37AAI10	T37AAJ10
Sexual assault	Total	T37SAA10	T37SAB10	T37SAC10	T37SAD10	T37SAE10	T37SAF10	T37SAG10	T37SAH10	T37SAI10	T37SAJ10
	of which: Rape	T37RAA10	T37RAB10	T37RAC10	T37RAD10	T37RAE10	T37RAF10	T37RAG10	T37RAH10	T37RAI10	T37RAJ10
	of which: Sexual abuse of a child	T37SMA10	T37SMB10	T37SMC10	T37SMD10	T37SME10	T37SMF10	T37SMG10	T37SMH10	T37SMI10	T37SMJ10
Robbery		T37ROA10	T37ROB10	T37ROC10	T37ROD10	T37ROE10	T37ROF10	T37ROG10	T37ROH10	T37ROI10	T37ROJ10
Theft	Total	T37THA10	T37THB10	T37THC10	T37THD10	T37THE10	T37THF10	T37THG10	T37THH10	T37THI10	T37THJ10
	of which: Theft of a motor vehicle	T37TVA10	T37TVB10	T37TVC10	T37TVD10	T37TVE10	T37TVF10	T37TVG10	T37TVH10	T37TVI10	T37TVJ10

	<i>of which:</i> Burglary (total)	T37BUA10	T37BUB10	T37BUC10	T37BUD10	T37BUE10	T37BUF10	T37BUG10	T37BUH10	T37BUI10	T37BUJ10	
	<i>of which:</i> Domestic burglary	<i>of which:</i> Domestic burglary	T37BDA10	T37BDB10	T37BDC10	T37BDD10	T37BDE10	T37BDF10	T37BDG10	T37BDH10	T37BDI10	T37BDJ10
Fraud		T37FRA10	T37FRB10	T37FRC10	T37FRD10	T37FRE10	T37FRF10	T37FRG10	T37FRH10	T37FRI10	T37FRJ10	
Money laundering		T37MLA10	T37MLB10	T37MLC10	T37MLD10	T37MLE10	T37MLF10	T37MLG10	T37MLH10	T37MLI10	T37MLJ10	
Corruption		T37COA10	T37COB10	T37COC10	T37COD10	T37COE10	T37COF10	T37COG10	T37COH10	T37COI10	T37COJ10	
Drug offences	Total	T37DRA10	T37DRB10	T37DRC10	T37DRD10	T37DRE10	T37DRF10	T37DRG10	T37DRH10	T37DRI10	T37DRJ10	
	<i>of which:</i> Drug trafficking	T37DTA10	T37DTB10	T37DTC10	T37DTD10	T37DTE10	T37DTF10	T37DTG10	T37DTH10	T37DTI10	T37DTJ10	

Source of the data in Table 3.2.3 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

ST3711

Comments on Table 3.2.3 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CT3711

Rules of statistical recording applied for Table 3.2.3

3.2.3.A Are sanctions and measures imposed upon minors included in Table 3.2.3?
CT37AA11

Yes	No	<i>Partially</i>
1	2	3

Comments

CT37AB11

3.2.3.B Are there written rules regulating the way in which the data shown in Table 3.2.3 are recorded? CT37B11

Yes	No
1	2

3.2.3.C At what stage of the process does the data refer to? CT37C11

- see Introduction (paragraph 1.3)

<i>Before appeals</i>	<i>After appeals</i>
1	2

3.2.3.D Is a principal offence rule applied? CT37DA11

- see Introduction (paragraph 1.3)

Yes	No
1	2

Explanation of the rule

CT37DB11

3.2.3.E Have the data recording methods described above been modified between 2007 and 2011? CT37EA11

- see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

Yes	No
1	2

Explanation of the changes

CT37EB11

Additional comments on questions 3.2.3.A – 3.2.3.E

CT37EC11

3.3 Persons held in pre-trial detention (at least temporarily) among persons convicted in 2010

The 'Total number of persons convicted' should refer to the number of persons convicted according to Table 3.1.1 in 2010. By pre-trial detention, we understand any detention before conviction ordered by a judge.

If data for 2010 are not yet available, please give data for the latest available year and indicate the year of reference in the table.

Year of reference if other than 2010: T38YR10		
Type of offence	Total number of persons convicted	<i>of which: held in pre-trial detention (at least temporarily)</i>
Criminal offences total	T38TCA10	T38TCB10

Source of the data in Table 3.3 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

ST3811

Comments on Table 3.3 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CT3811

Part 4 Prison, probation agencies and supervision statistics

4.1 Prison population

Stock data should refer to the situation at 1 September of each year. This date has been chosen because it is the one used for the Council of Europe Annual Penal Statistics (SPACE)⁹. **If data are not available for this date, please specify the date chosen.**

The tables cover all penal institutions, of whatever nature, that come under the responsibility of the prison administration: institutions for those held in pre-trial detention on remand and institutions for sentenced prisoners, including those reserved for special categories (e.g. institutions for minors and hospitals run by the penal administration). If, for any reason, certain penal institutions are excluded, please give the reasons.

Prison population (stock and flow)		
	Indicate whether included or excluded:	
	incl.	excl.
Include the following:	1	2
• Pre-trial detainees	D41PPA11	
• Fine defaulters	D41PPB11	
• Persons held in penal institutions for juvenile offenders	D41PPC11	
• Persons held in institutions for drug-addict offenders	D41PPD11	
• Mentally ill offenders held in psychiatric institutions or hospitals	D41PPE11	
• Offenders serving their sentence under electronic surveillance (e.g. <i>home detention curfew prior to final release from prison</i>)	D41PPF11	
• Persons held in facilities under the responsibility of any other Ministry than the Ministry of Justice	D41PPG11	
Exclude the following:		
• Asylum seekers or irregular aliens <u>held for administrative reasons*</u>	D41PPH11	

* If included, please indicate their number for 2010:

D41PPI11

Pre-trial detainees: Persons held in penal institutions while a <u>final</u> court decision concerning their case has not been reached yet	Indicate whether
---	-------------------------

⁹ The Council of Europe Annual Penal Statistics SPACE I – established in 1983 – refer to prison populations. Reports are published annually and can be found at www.unil.ch/space.

	<u>included or excluded:</u>	
	incl.	excl.
Include the following:	1	2
• Untried detainees (i.e. no court decision finalized yet)		D41PTA11
• Convicted but not yet sentenced detainees		D41PTB11
• Sentenced detainees who have appealed or who are within the statutory limit for doing so		D41PTC11

Definitions
Stock: This means the number of prisoners under the responsibility of the prison administration at a given date (1 September). If data are not available for this date, please specify the date chosen or give the average for the year.
Flow: This refers to the number of entries into penal institutions during one year. For example, an offender who is committed to prison four times in the same year will be counted as four entries.

Flow	<u>Indicate whether included or excluded:</u>	
	incl.	excl.
Exclude the following:	1	2
• Entry following a transfer from one penal institution to another in the same country		D41FA11
• Entry following the detainee's removal from the institution in order to appear before a judicial authority (i.e. <i>investigating judge, court</i>)		D41FB11
• Entry following a prison leave or a period of absence by permission		D41FC11
• Entry following an escape, after re-arrest by the police		D41FD11

Table 4.1.1 Prison population (including pre-trial detainees): STOCK

STOCK: at 1 September	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	
Total	T41ST07	T41ST08	T41ST09	T41ST10	T41ST11	
<i>Of which:</i>						
Pre-trial detainees	T41SP07	T41SP08	T41SP09	T41SP10	T41SP11	
Females	T41SW07	T41SW08	T41SW09	T41SW10	T41SW11	
Aliens	Total	T41SA07	T41SA08	T41SA09	T41SA10	T41SA11
	<i>of which: EU citizen</i>	T41SB07	T41SB08	T41SB09	T41SB10	T41SB11
Minors	T41SM07	T41SM08	T41SM09	T41SM10	T41SM11	

Table 4.1.2 Prison population (including pre-trial detainees): FLOW

FLOW: number of entries/receptions	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	
Total	T42FT07	T42FT08	T42FT09	T42FT10	T42FT11	
Pre-trial detainees	T42FP07	T42FP08	T42FP09	T42FP10	T42FP11	
Females	T42FW07	T42FW08	T42FW09	T42FW10	T42FW11	
Aliens	Total	T42FA07	T42FA08	T42FA09	T42FA10	T42FA11
	<i>of which: EU citizen</i>	T42FB07	T42FB08	T42FB09	T42FB10	T42FB11
Minors	T42FM07	T42FM08	T42FM09	T42FM10	T42FM11	

Source of the data in Tables 4.1.1 and 4.1.2 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

ST4211

Comments on Table 4.1.1 and 4.1.2 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CT4211

Rules of statistical recording applied for Tables 4.1.1 and 4.1.2

4.1.2.A Do the stock data in Table 4.1.1 refer to 1 September 2010? CT42AA11

Yes	No, other date	No, average stock
1	2	3

If the data refer to another date, please provide it here:

CT42AB11

4.1.2.B Are minors included in the total of Tables 4.1.1 and 4.1.2? CT42BA11

Yes	No	Partially
1	2	3

Comments

CT42BB11

4.1.2.C Is the age bracket for minors used in Tables 4.1.2 and 4.2.2 the same as the one used in Table 3.1.2 (see question 3.1.2.B)? CT42CA11

Yes	No
1	2

If NO, please specify the age bracket (i.e. the minimum and maximum age) used for minors in Tables 4.1.2 and 4.2.2

<i>Minimum age</i> CT42CB11 _____ years and above	<i>Maximum age</i> CT42CC11 Under _____ years
<i>Comments</i> CT42CD11	

4.1.2.D Is the definition of aliens used in Table 4.1.2 the same that has been used in Table 3.1.2 (see question 3.1.2.C)? If not, please specify! CT42DA11

Yes	No
1	2

Explanation of the difference

CT42DB11

4.1.2.E Are there written rules regulating the way in which the data shown in Tables 4.1.1 and 4.1.2 are recorded? CT42E11

Yes	No
1	2

4.1.2.F Have the data recording methods described above been modified between 2007 and 2011? CT42FA11

- see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

Yes	No
1	2

Explanation of the changes

CT42FB11

Additional comments on questions 4.1.2.A – 4.1.2.F

CT42FC11

Table 4.2 Convicted prison population by offence on 1 September 2010

The 'Total for criminal offences' should refer to all convicted (by final court decision) prisoners and not just those convicted for the offences mentioned in this table.

If data for 2010 are not yet available, please give data for the latest available year and indicate the year of reference in the table.

Year of reference if other than 2010: T43YR10						
Type of offence		Total	Number of females	Number of minors	Number of aliens	
					Total	of which: EU citizen
Criminal offences total		T43TCT10	T43TCW10	T43TCM10	T43TCA10	T43TCE10
Major traffic offences		T43TTT10	T43TTW10	T43TTM10	T43TTA10	T43TTE10
Intentional homicide		T43HOT10	T43HOW10	T43HOM10	T43HOA10	T43HOE10
Bodily injury (assault)	Total	T43AST10	T43ASW10	T43ASM10	T43ASA10	T43ASE10
	of which: Aggravated bodily injury	T43AAT10	T43AAW10	T43AAM10	T43AAA10	T43AAE10
Sexual assault	Total	T43SAT10	T43SAW10	T43SAM10	T43SAA10	T43SAE10
	of which: Rape	T43RAT10	T43RAW10	T43RAM10	T43RAA10	T43RAE10
	of which: Sexual abuse of a child	T43SMT10	T43SMW10	T43SMM10	T43SMA10	T43SME10
Robbery		T43ROT10	T43ROW10	T43ROM10	T43ROA10	T43ROE10
Theft		T43THT10	T43THW10	T43THM10	T43THA10	T43THE10
Drug offences total		T43DRT10	T43DRW10	T43DRM10	T43DRA10	T43DRE10

Source of the data in Table 4.2 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

ST4311

Comments on Table 4.2 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CT4311

Rules of statistical recording applied for Table 4.2

4.2.A Do the stock data in Table 4.2 refer to 1 September 2010? CT43AA11

Yes	No, other date	No, average stock
1	2	3

If the data refer to another date, please provide it here:

CT43AB11

4.2.B Is the age bracket for minors used in Table 4.2 the same as the one used in Tables 4.1.1 and 4.1.2 (see question 4.1.2.C)? CT43BA11

Yes	No
1	2

If NO, please specify the age bracket (i.e. the minimum and maximum age) used for minors in Table 4.2

<i>Minimum age CT43BB11</i> _____ years and above	<i>Maximum age CT43BC11</i> Under _____ years
--	--

Comments

CT43BD11

4.2.C **Is the definition of aliens used in Table 4.2 the same that has been used in Tables 4.1.1 and 4.1.2 (see question 4.1.2.D)? If not, please specify! CT43CA11**

Yes	No
1	2

Explanation of the difference

CT43CB11

4.2.D **Do the offence definitions used in Table 4.2 differ from those in the 'Definitions' section? CT43DA11**

Yes	No
1	2

Explanation of the differences

CT43DB11

4.2.E **Are there written rules regulating the way in which the data shown in Table 4.2 are recorded? CT43E11**

Yes	No
1	2

4.2.F Is a principal offence rule applied? CT43FA11
- see Introduction (paragraph 1.3)

Yes	No
1	2

Explanation of the rule

CT43FB11

Additional comments on questions 4.2.A to 4.2.F

CT43FC11

4.3 Statistics on Probation Agencies and supervision

4.3.1 Organization of Probation Agencies

Definition

Probation Agency: means any body designated by law to implement activities and interventions like supervision of and guidance and assistance to offenders. Depending on the national system, the work of a probation agency may also include providing information and advice to judicial and other deciding authorities to help them reach informed and just decisions; providing guidance and support to offenders while in custody in order to prepare their release and resettlement; monitoring and assistance to persons subject to early release; restorative justice interventions; and offering assistance to victims of crime.¹⁰

Comments on the definition:

C43PAA11

¹⁰ Based upon Recommendation CM/Rec(2010)1 of the Committee of Ministers to member states on the Council of Europe Probation Rules.

4.3.1.A Are there Probation Agencies in the criminal justice system? C43PAB11

Yes	No
1	2

4.3.1.B If yes was ticked in the question above, please specify the nature of these agencies by ticking the relevant boxes (fill separately if there is more than one agency)

Name of the agency ¹¹	Type				Competency			
	Public ¹²	Non-profit / state subsidised	Private enterprise		Minors	Adults	Pre-sentence stage	Execution stage ¹³
C43PACA11	C43PA CA111	C43PA CA112	C43PA CA113	C43PADA11	C43PA DA111	C43PA DA112	C43PA DA113	C43PA DA114
C43PACB11	C43PA CB111	C43PA CB112	C43PA CB113	C43PADB11	C43PA DB111	C43PA DB112	C43PA DB113	C43PA DB114
C43PACC11	C43PA CC111	C43PA CC112	C43PA CC113	C43PADC11	C43PA DC111	C43PA DC112	C43PA DC113	C43PA DC114
C43PACD11	C43PA CD111	C43PA CD112	C43PA CD113	C43PADD11	C43PA DD111	C43PA DD112	C43PA DD113	C43PA DD114
C43PACE11	C43PA CE111	C43PA CE112	C43PA CE113	C43PADE11	C43PA DE111	C43PA DE112	C43PA DE113	C43PA DE114

¹¹ Please provide an English translation of the name.

¹² A public agency is an agency which is directly dependent on the Ministry of Justice, the Ministry of Interior or the prison administration.

¹³ I.e.: the stage of execution or enforcement of any type of sentence imposed on an offender as part of his/her conviction.

4.3.1.C What are the tasks of the Probation Agencies competent for adults?

If there is more than one agency competent for adults, please assess all agencies as a whole.

Task X = YES	Pre- Sentence Stage	Execution Stage			
		Non-custodial sanctions and measures	Suspended custodial sanctions and measures	Unsuspended custodial sanctions of measures	
				while in prison	after conditional release
Providing information and / or reporting to the prosecuting authorities / court	C43PAEA11	C43PAEB11	C43PAEC11	C43PAED11	C43PAEE11
Monitoring and enforcing the conditions and / or measures imposed / ordered by the police / public prosecutor / court	C43PAFA11	C43PAFB11	C43PAFC11	C43PAFD11	C43PAFE11
Assisting / providing guidance to the suspect	C43PAGA11	C43PAGB11	C43PAGC11	C43PAGD11	C43PAGE11
Finding alternatives to pre-trial-detention	C43PAHA11				
Finding possibilities for diversion (e.g. alternatives to a formal sentence	C43PAIA11				
Supervision during authorised leave from prison				C43PAJD11	

4.3.1.D What are the tasks of the Probation Agencies competent for minors?

If there is more than one agency competent for minors, please assess all agencies as a whole.

Task	Pre-Sentence Stage	Execution Stage			
		Non-custodial sanctions and measures	Suspended custodial sanctions and measures	Unsuspended custodial sanctions of measures	
				while in prison	after conditional release
		C43PAKB11			
Providing information and / or reporting to the prosecuting authorities / court	C43PAKA11	1	2	3	4
		C43PALB11			
Monitoring and enforcing the conditions and / or measures imposed / ordered by the police / public prosecutor / court	C43PALA11	1	2	3	4
		C43PAMB11			
Assisting / providing guidance to the suspect	C43PAMA11	1	2	3	4
Finding alternatives to pre-trial-detention	C43PANA11				
Finding possibilities for diversion (e.g. alternatives to a formal sentence)	C43PAPA11				
		C43PAQB11			
Supervision during authorised				3	

leave from prison						
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4.3.1.E Which organizations, bureaus or persons are able to initiate the involvement of Probation Agencies? C43PARA11

<i>Police</i>	<i>Public Prosecutor</i>	<i>Examining Judge</i>	<i>Court of decision</i>	<i>Lawyer</i>	<i>Offender</i>	<i>Other</i>
1	2	3	4	5	6	7

Additional comments on questions 4.3.1.A – 4.3.1.E

C43PASA11

4.3.2 Supervision

Definitions
Stock: This means the number of persons supervised by the probation agencies at a given date (31 December). If data are not available for this date, please specify the date chosen or give the average for the year.
Input: This refers to the number of persons entering supervision during one year.
Output: This refers to the number of persons leaving supervision during one year.
Semi-imprisonment: All forms of 'part-time-detention' including e.g. semi-detention (custody during day-time with the liberty to spend the night at home) and semi-liberty (the prisoner can stay outside during the day and must remain in custody at night).

Comments on the definitions:

C4411

Table 4.3.2.1 Total persons under the control, supervision and / or care of the Probation Agencies in 2010

	Stock (31 Dec)	Input	Output
Total	T44STSA10	T44STIA10	T44STOA10
Supervision before a final sentence	T44STSB10	T44STIB10	T44STOB10
Probation as a sanction in its own right	T44STSC10	T44STIC10	T44STOC10
Other forms of supervision of a non-custodial sanction	T44STSD10	T44STID10	T44STOD10
Supervision of a suspended custodial sentence	T44STSE10	T44STIE10	T44STOE10
Supervision in connection with the execution of a prison sentence outside prison (including semi-imprisonment) ¹⁴	T44STSF10	T44STIF10	T44STOF10
Supervision after conditional release from prison	T44STSG10	T44STIG10	T44STOG10
Supervision as a security measure after having fully served a prison sentence or other form of detention	T44STSH10	T44STIH10	T44STOH10
Other	T44STSI10	T44STII10	T44STOI10

Table 4.3.2.2 Minors under the control, supervision and / or care of the Probation Agencies in 2010

	Stock (31 Dec)	Input	Output
Total	T45SMSA10	T45SMIA10	T45SMOA10
Supervision before a final sentence	T45SMSB10	T45SMIB10	T45SMOB10
Probation as a sanction in its own right	T45SMSC10	T45SMIC10	T45SMOC10
Other forms of supervision of a non-custodial sanction	T45SMSD10	T45SMID10	T45SMOD10
Supervision of a suspended custodial sentence	T45SMSE10	T45SMIE10	T45SMOE10
Supervision in connection with the execution of a prison sentence outside prison (including semi-imprisonment) ¹⁵	T45SMSF10	T45SMIF10	T45SMOF10
Supervision after conditional release from prison	T45SMSG10	T45SMIG10	T45SMOG10
Supervision as a security measure after having fully served a prison sentence or other form of detention	T45SMSH10	T45SMIH10	T45SMOH10
Other	T45SMSI10	T45SMII10	T45SMOI10

¹⁴ See the definition above.

¹⁵ See the definition above.

Table 4.3.2.3 Reasons for ending supervision by the Probation Agencies in 2010

Output: persons leaving supervision	Total	Number of minors
Total	T46SETT10	T46SEMT10
<i>of which: completion</i>	T46SETC10	T46SEMC10
<i>of which: revocation or replacement by another sanction / measure</i>	T46SETR10	T46SEMR10
<i>of which: resulting in imprisonment</i>	T46SETI10	T46SEMI10
<i>of which: other (e.g. death)</i>	T46SETO10	T46SEMO10

Source of the data in Tables 4.3.2.1 to 4.3.2.3 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

ST4611

Comments on Tables 4.3.2.1 to 4.3.2.3 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CT4611

Rules of statistical recording applied for Tables 4.3.2.1 to 4.3.2.3

4.3.2.3.A Do the stock data in Tables 4.3.2.1 and 4.3.2.2 refer to 31 December 2010?
CT46AA11

Yes	<i>No, other date</i>	<i>No, average stock</i>
1	2	3

If the data refer to another date, please provide it here:

CT46AB11

4.3.2.3.B Are minors included in the total of Tables 4.3.2.1 and 4.3.2.3? CT46BA11

Yes	No	<i>Partially</i>
1	2	3

Comments

CT46BB11

4.3.2.3.C Is the age bracket for minors used in Tables 4.3.2.2 and 4.3.2.3 the same as the one used in Table 3.1.2 (see question 3.1.2.B)? CT46CA11

Yes	No
1	2

If NO, please specify the age bracket (i.e. the minimum and maximum age) used for minors in Tables 4.3.2.2 and 4.3.2.3

<i>Minimum age CT46CB11</i> _____ years and above	<i>Maximum age CT46CC11</i> Under _____ years
<i>Comments</i> CT46CD11	

4.3.2.3.D Are there written rules regulating the way in which the data shown in Tables 4.3.2.1 to 4.3.2.3 are recorded? CT46DA11

Yes	No
1	2

Additional comments on questions 4.3.2.3.A – 4.3.2.3.D

CT46DB11

4.3.3 Community service

Definitions
Stock: This means the number of persons under community service at a given date (31 December). If data are not available for this date, please specify the date chosen or give the average for the year.
Input: This refers to the number of persons starting community service during one year.
Output: This refers to the number of persons ending community service during one year.
Community service: is a community sanction or measure which involves organising and supervising by the probation agencies of unpaid labour for the benefit of the community as real or symbolic reparation for the harm caused by an offender. ¹⁶

Comments on the definitions:

C47C11

¹⁶ Definition taken from Recommendation CM/Rec(2010)1 of the Committee of Ministers to member states on the Council of Europe Probation Rules.

Table 4.3.3.1 Total persons under community service

	Stock (31 Dec)	Input	Output
Total	T47CTSA10	T47CTIA10	T47CTOA10
Community service as a condition for dismissal in pre-sentence stage	T47CTSB10	T47CTIB10	T47CTOB10
Community service as a non-custodial sanction in its own right	T47CTSC10	T47CTIC10	T47CTOC10
Community service as a condition of a suspended / conditional sentence	T47CTSD10	T47CTID10	T47CTOD10
Community service as a condition of conditional release	T47CTSE10	T47CTIE10	T47CTOE10
Community service as a way of serving a custodial sentence	T47CTSF10	T47CTIF10	T47CTOF10
Community service for fine defaulters	T47CTSG10	T47CTIG10	T47CTOG10

Table 4.3.3.2 Minors under community service

	Stock (31 Dec)	Input	Output
Total	T48CMSA10	T48CMIA10	T48CMOA10
Community service as a condition for dismissal in pre-sentence stage	T48CMSB10	T48CMIB10	T48CMOB10
Community service as a non-custodial sanction in its own right	T48CMSC10	T48CMIC10	T48CMOC10
Community service as a condition of a suspended / conditional sentence	T48CMSD10	T48CMID10	T48CMOD10
Community service as a condition of conditional release	T48CMSE10	T48CMIE10	T48CMOE10
Community service as a way of serving a custodial sentence	T48CMSF10	T48CMIF10	T48CMOF10
Community service for fine defaulters	T48CMMSG10	T48CMIG10	T48CMOG10

Table 4.3.3.3 Reasons for ending community service in 2010

Output: persons ending community service	Total	Number of minors
Total	T49CETT10	T49CEMT10
<i>of which: completion</i>	T49CETC10	T49CEMC10
<i>of which: revocation or replacement by another sanction / measure</i>	T49CETR10	T49CEMR10
<i>of which: resulting in imprisonment</i>	T49CETI10	T49CEMI10
<i>of which: other (e.g. death)</i>	T49CETO10	T49CEMO10

Source of the data in Tables 4.3.3.1 to 4.3.3.3 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

ST4911

Comments on Tables 4.3.3.1 to 4.3.3.3 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CT4911

Rules of statistical recording applied for Tables 4.3.3.1 to 4.3.3.3

4.3.3.3.A Do the stock data in Tables 4.3.3.1 and 4.3.3.2 refer to 31 December 2010?
CT49AA11

Yes	<i>No, other date</i>	<i>No, average stock</i>
1	2	3

If the data refer to another date, please provide it here:

CT49AB11

4.3.3.3.B Are minors included in the total of Tables 4.3.3.1 and 4.3.3.3? CT49BA11

Yes	No	<i>Partially</i>
1	2	3

Comments

CT49BB11

4.3.3.3.C Is the age bracket for minors used in Tables 4.3.3.2 and 4.3.3.3 the same as the one used in Table 3.1.2 (see question 3.1.2.B)? CT49CA11

Yes	No
1	2

If NO, please specify the age bracket (i.e. the minimum and maximum age) used for minors in Tables 4.3.3.2 and 4.3.3.3

<i>Minimum age CT49CB11</i> _____ years and above	<i>Maximum age CT49CC11</i> Under _____ years
<i>Comments</i> CT49CD11	

4.3.3.3.D Are there written rules regulating the way in which the data shown in Tables 4.3.3.1 to 4.3.3.3 are recorded? CT49DA11

Yes	No
1	2

Additional comments on questions 4.3.3.3.A – 4.3.3.3.D

CT49DB11

4.3.4 Electronic monitoring

Definitions
Stock: This means the number of persons under electronic monitoring at a given date (31 December). If data are not available for this date, please specify the date chosen or give the average for the year.
Input: This refers to the number of persons entering electronic monitoring during one year.
Output: This refers to the number of persons leaving electronic monitoring during one year.
Electronic monitoring: allows the localization of the person at a given moment of the day or the night and/or the monitoring of its movements. Electronic Monitoring can be accomplished using different techniques (electronic tag, telephone calls, or other electronic systems of monitoring). ¹⁷

Comments on the definitions:

C410E11

¹⁷ Definition taken from Council of Europe, Annual Penal Statistics: Non-Custodial Sanctions Served (SPACE II).

Table 4.3.4.1 Total persons under electronic monitoring

	Stock (31 Dec)	Input	Output
Total	T410ETSA10	T410ETIA10	T410ETOA10
Electronic monitoring as an alternative to pre-trial-detention	T410ETSB10	T410ETIB10	T410ETOBI10
Electronic monitoring as a sanction in its own right	T410ETSC10	T410ETIC10	T410ETOC10
Electronic monitoring as a condition of a non-custodial or suspended custodial sanction	T410ETSD10	T410ETID10	T410ETOD10
Electronic monitoring as part of the execution of an unsuspended custodial sanction	T410ETSE10	T410ETIE10	T410ETOIE10
Electronic monitoring as a condition of conditional release	T410ETSF10	T410ETIF10	T410ETOIF10
Electronic monitoring after having fully served a prison sentence or other form of detention	T410ETSG10	T410ETIG10	T410ETOIG10

Table 4.3.4.2 Minors under electronic monitoring

	Stock (31 Dec)	Input	Output
Total	T411EMSA10	T411EMIA10	T411EMOA10
Electronic monitoring as an alternative to pre-trial-detention	T411EMSB10	T411EMIB10	T411EMOB10
Electronic monitoring as a sanction in its own right	T411EMSC10	T411EMIC10	T411EMOC10
Electronic monitoring as a condition of a non-custodial or suspended custodial sanction	T411EMSD10	T411EMID10	T411EMOD10
Electronic monitoring as part of the execution of an unsuspended custodial sanction	T411EMSE10	T411EMIE10	T411EMOE10
Electronic monitoring as a condition of conditional release	T411EMSF10	T411EMIF10	T411EMOF10
Electronic monitoring after having fully served a prison sentence or other form of detention	T411EMSG10	T411EMIG10	T411EMOG10

Table 4.3.4.3 Reasons for ending electronic monitoring in 2010

Output: persons leaving electronic monitoring	Total	Number of minors
Total	T412EETT10	T412EEMT10
<i>of which: completion</i>	T412EETC10	T412EEMC10
<i>of which: revocation or replacement by another sanction / measure</i>	T412EETR10	T412EEMR10
<i>of which: resulting in imprisonment</i>	T412EETI10	T412EEMI10
<i>of which: other (e.g. death)</i>	T412EETO10	T412EEMO10

Source of the data in Tables 4.3.4.1 to 4.3.4.3 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

ST41211

Comments on Tables 4.3.4.1 to 4.3.4.3 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CT41211

Rules of statistical recording applied for Tables 4.3.4.1 to 4.3.4.3

4.3.4.3.A Do the stock data in Tables 4.3.4.1 and 4.3.4.2 refer to 31 December 2010?
CT412AA11

<i>Yes</i>	<i>No, other date</i>	<i>No, average stock</i>
1	2	3

If the data refer to another date, please provide it here:

CT412AB11

4.3.4.3.B Are minors included in the total of Tables 4.3.4.1 and 4.3.4.3? CT412BA11

<i>Yes</i>	<i>No</i>	<i>Partially</i>
1	2	3

Comments

CT412BB11

4.3.4.3.C Is the age bracket for minors used in Tables 4.3.4.2 and 4.3.4.3 the same as the one used in Table 3.1.2 (see question 3.1.2.B)? CT412CA11

Yes	No
1	2

If NO, please specify the age bracket (i.e. the minimum and maximum age) used for minors in Tables 4.3.4.2 and 4.3.4.3

<i>Minimum age CT412CB11</i> _____ years and above	<i>Maximum age CT412CC11</i> Under _____ years
<i>Comments</i> CT412CD11	

4.3.4.3.D Are there written rules regulating the way in which the data shown in Tables 4.3.4.1 to 4.3.4.3 are recorded? CT412D11

Yes	No
1	2

4.3.4.3.E How is electronic monitoring applied in your country?

Multiple answers are possible.

<i>Technique</i>			<i>Type</i>		
<i>Electronic tag</i>	<i>Telephone calls</i>	<i>Other electronic system</i>	<i>Electronic curfew</i>	<i>Tracking of movement</i>	<i>Other type</i>
CT412EA111	CT412EA112	CT412EA113	CT412EB111	CT412EB112	CT412EB113

<i>Comments</i> CT412EC11

Additional comments on questions 4.3.4.3.A – 4.3.4.3.E

CT412ED11

4.3.5 Staff and reports

Definitions
Qualified probation workers: means staff with special qualifications (i.e. diplomas in probation or social work) performing tasks related to the supervision of clients under probation. ¹⁸
Volunteers: Persons, who are not paid for their work, carrying out probation activities. This does not exclude the payment of a small amount of money to volunteers to cover the expenses of their work. ¹⁹
Pre-sentence reports: Depending on the national legal system, probation agencies may prepare pre-sentence reports on individual alleged offenders in order to assist, where applicable, the judicial authorities in deciding whether to prosecute or what would be the appropriate sanctions or measures. ²⁰

Comments on the definitions:

C413PS11

¹⁸ Definition taken from Council of Europe, Annual Penal Statistics: Non-Custodial Sanctions Served (SPACE II).

¹⁹ Definition taken from Recommendation CM/Rec(2010)1 of the Committee of Ministers to member states on the Council of Europe Probation Rules.

²⁰ Definition taken from Recommendation CM/Rec(2010)1 of the Committee of Ministers to member states on the Council of Europe Probation Rules.

Table 4.3.5.1 Probation Agencies Staff

		Total	Competent for adults	Competent for minors
Staff (excluding volunteers)	Total	T413PSTA10	T413PSAA10	T413PSMA10
	of which: Administrative staff	T413PSTB10	T413PSAB10	T413PSMB10
	of which: Qualified probation workers	T413PSTC10	T413PSAC10	T413PSMC10
	of which: Other probation workers	T413PSTD10	T413PSAD10	T413PSMD10
Volunteers		T413PSTE10	T413PSAE10	T413PSME10

Table 4.3.5.2 Number of written reports provided by the Probation Agencies

In case of several reports per case each one is to be counted separately in the total figure and in the subcategories.

	Total	Reports on adults	Reports on minors
Total	T414PRSA10	T414PRIA10	T414PROA10
Pre-Sentence- Reports	T414PRSB10	T414PRIB10	T414PROB10
Reports concerning supervision during the execution of community sanctions	T414PRSC10	T414PRIC10	T414PROC10
Reports during the execution of a suspended prison sentence	T414PRSD10	T414PRID10	T414PROD10
Reports concerning the prerequisites of a conditional release	T414PRSE10	T414PRIE10	T414PROE10
Reports after a conditional release	T414PRSF10	T414PRIF10	T414PROF10

Source of the data in Tables 4.3.5.1 and 4.3.5.2 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

ST41411

Comments on Tables 4.3.5.1 A to 4.3.5.2 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CT41411

Part 5 National victimization surveys

The goal of this section is to collect information on the national victimizations surveys conducted in each country. The results of these surveys will not in themselves be comparable because their methodology may differ. Please note that only national surveys are concerned (e.g. surveys with a national representative sample); it is not necessary to report on ICVS (International Crime Victim Survey) / EU ICS (European Union Crime and Safety Survey) data. In order to assure comparability with other types of crime data included in the different editions of the European Sourcebook, the data collected here cover the period 1990 to 2010. Data are asked for 5 different victimization surveys (1990, 1995, 2000, 2005 and 2010). If no surveys were conducted during these years, please provide data from the closest available surveys. If no victimization surveys have been carried out in your country, please answer only question 5.1.A.

5.1.A Availability of national victimization surveys

Does your country conduct a <u>periodical</u> national victimization survey? A51NSA11		Yes	No
		1	2
If yes, please indicate the periodicity (e.g. annual, every two years, etc.?)		A51NSB11	
If no, has your country <u>ever</u> conducted a national victimization survey? A51NSC11	Yes	No	
	1	2	
If yes, when? (please indicate all the years in which such surveys took place)		A51NSD11	

Additional comments on question 5.1.A

A51NSE11

Definitions

Survey modes:

PAPI (*Paper and pencil interview*): Face to face interviews using a paper questionnaire.

CAPI (*Computer assisted personal interview*): Face to face interviews using an electronic questionnaire.

CATI (*Computer assisted telephone interview*): Telephone interviews using an electronic questionnaire.

CASI Personal (*Computer assisted self-interview*): Self-administered questionnaires filled by the respondent during a personal meeting with the interviewer.

CASI Postal (*Computer assisted self-interview*): Self-administered questionnaires sent to the respondent by mail.

CASI Other (*Computer assisted self-interview*): Self-administered questionnaires filled by the respondent in a different way than the two previous ones.

CAWI (*Computer assisted web-interview*): Self-administered questionnaire filled by the respondent through the Internet.

Other (*please specify*).

Measures of victimization:

Prevalence of victimization in the last 12 months/last year: Number of households/persons victimized per 100 households/persons interviewed (*usually expressed as a percentage*).

Incidence of victimization in the last 12 months/last year: Number of incidents of victimization per 100 households/persons interviewed.

Measure of victimization reported to the police:

Percentage of victims that reported their victimization to the police.

Units of reference:

Persons: For personal crimes (*bodily injury/assault, sexual assault, theft of personal property, robbery and corruption*), the unit of reference is the *person interviewed*. Thus, prevalence and incidence measures are expressed as the number of persons and the number of incidents *per 100 persons interviewed*.

Households: For the rest of the crimes (*domestic burglary, theft of a motor vehicle*), the unit of reference is the *household of the person interviewed*. Thus, prevalence and incidence measures are expressed as the number of persons and the number of incidents *per 100 households interviewed (in the case of domestic burglary) or per 100 car-owning households interviewed (in the case of theft of a motor vehicle)*.

Types of victimization:

The types of victimization are defined taking as a reference the definitions used in the International Crime Victim Survey (ICVS). However, minor modifications have been introduced to some of the ICVS questions –which include the definitions of the offence– and their wording has been slightly adapted in order to cover a period of reference of one year. Thus, for each type of victimization, we provide a question similar to the one included in the ICVS and we ask you to indicate whether the question included in your national victimization questionnaire corresponds to it or not. If it does not correspond, we ask you to provide the question used in your national questionnaire.

Comments on the definitions:

CDNS11

5.1.B Wording of questions on offences included in national victimization surveys

Questions on victimization: "During the last 12 months / last year..."		Does the question included in your national victimization survey match the one provided here?		
		Yes	No	No such question in the national survey
		1	2	3
	If no, please indicate the question on bodily injury (assault) included in your national victimization survey?	B51ASB11		
Sexual assault: B51SAA11 ... has anyone grabbed you, touched you or assaulted you for sexual reasons in a really offensive way?		Yes	No	No such question in the national survey
		1	2	3
	If no, please indicate the question on sexual assault included in your national victimization survey?	B51SAB11		
Robbery: B51ROA11 ... has anyone stolen something from you by using force or threatening you?		Yes	No	No such question in the national survey
		1	2	3
	If no, please indicate the question on robbery included in your national victimization survey?	B51ROB11		
Theft of personal property: B51TPA11 ... have you personally been the victim of a theft of personal property, such as pick-pocketing or theft of a purse, wallet, clothing, jewellery, sports equipment, etc.?		Yes	No	No such question in the national survey
		1	2	3

	If no, please indicate the question on theft of personal property included in your national victimization survey?	B51TPB11		
Theft of a motor vehicle: B51TVA11 ... have you or other members of your household had any of their cars, vans or trucks stolen?	Yes	No	No such question in the national survey	
	1	2	3	
	If no, please indicate the question on theft of motor vehicle included in your national victimization survey?	B51TVB11		
Domestic Burglary: B51BDA11 ... has anyone actually got into your house or flat without permission and stolen or tried to steal something?	Yes	No	No such question in the national survey	
	1	2	3	
	If no, please indicate the question on burglary included in your national victimization survey?	B51BDB11		
Corruption: B51COA11 ... has any government official, for instance a customs officer, a police officer or inspector in your country asked you, or expected you to pay a bribe for his or her services?	Yes	No	No such question in the national survey	
	1	2	3	
	If no, please indicate the question on corruption included in your national victimization survey?	B51COB11		

5.1.C Wording of questions on trust in the police and feelings of safety

Questions on trust in the police and feelings of safety		Does the question included in your national victimization survey match the one provided here?		
		Yes	No	No such question in the national survey
		1	2	3
	If no, please indicate the question on trust in the police included in your national victimization survey?			C51TPAB11
	How safe do you feel walking alone in your area after dark? Do you feel very safe, fairly safe, a bit unsafe, or very unsafe? C51TPBA11	Yes	No	No such question in the national survey
		1	2	3
	If no, please indicate the question on feelings of safety after dark included in your national victimization survey?			C51TPBB11

Additional comments on questions 5.1.B and 5.1.C

C51TPC11

Table 5.1 Methodology of national victimization surveys

If no data are available for one or more of the years required, please give data for the closest available year and indicate the year of reference in the table. The year of reference is the year in which the incident took place. (e.g. If the survey is published in 2011, but was conducted in 2010 and refers to victimization occurred in 2009, please indicate 2009).

Methodology	Possible answers	Example	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010
Years of reference if other than the ones indicated in the Table:			T51YR90	T51YR95	T51YR00	T51YR05	T51YR10
Sample size (number of households effectively interviewed)	(Please use households as the counting unit, if possible. Otherwise, please specify)	20,000	T51SS90	T51SS95	T51SS00	T51SS05	T51SS10
Sample design	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Non probability sampling - Simple random sampling - Stratified random sampling - Systematic random sampling - Cluster area random sampling - Multistage probability sample - Other (please specify) 	Multistage probability sample	T51SD90	T51SD95	T51SD00	T51SD05	T51SD10
Sample representativeness	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - National level - National level and first regional level - National level and second regional level 	National level and first regional level	T51SR90	T51SR95	T51SR00	T51SR05	T51SR10
Response rate (percentage of households effectively interviewed from the total original sample)	(Please use households as the counting unit, if possible. Otherwise, please specify)	40%	T51RR90	T51RR95	T51RR00	T51RR05	T51RR10
Age range of the persons interviewed		16-65	T51AR90	T51AR95	T51AR00	T51AR05	T51AR10

Methodology	Possible answers	Example	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	
Survey mode	PAPI CAPI CATI CASI Personal CASI Postal CASI Other CAWI Other <i>(please specify)</i> Combination of various modes <i>(please specify)</i>	CAWI		T51SM90	T51SM95	T51SM00	T51SM05	T51SM10

Comments on Table 5.1 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

C5111

Table 5.2 Main results of national victimization surveys

If no data are available for one or more of the years required, please give data for the closest available year and indicate the year of reference in the table.

Prevalence and incidence rates as well as percentages should be calculated excluding the persons that answered “don’t know” or refused to answer the relevant question. If you have done the calculation otherwise, please specify.

If your figures for the “Percentage of victims reporting to the police” do not refer to victims but to *incidents* reported to the police, please specify.

Type of offence		1990	1995	2000	2005	2010
Years of reference if other than the ones indicated in the Table:		T52YR90	T52YR95	T52YR00	T52YR05	T52YR10
Bodily injury (assault)	Prevalence of victimization in last 12 months (Percentage of victims over the total number of persons interviewed)	T52ASPRE90	T52ASPRES95	T52ASPRES00	T52ASPRES05	T52ASPRE10
	Incidence of victimization in last 12 months (Number of incidents per 100 persons interviewed)	T52ASINC90	T52ASINCS95	T52ASINCS00	T52ASINCS05	T52ASINC10
	Percentage of victims reporting to the police	T52ASREP90	T52ASREPS95	T52ASREPS00	T52ASREPS05	T52ASREP10
Sexual assault	Prevalence of victimization in last 12 months (Percentage of victims over the total number of persons interviewed)	T52SAPRE90	T52SAPRES95	T52SAPRES00	T52SAPRES05	T52SAPRE10
	Incidence of victimization in last 12 months (Number of incidents per 100 persons interviewed)	T52SAINC90	T52SAINCS95	T52SAINCS00	T52SAINCS05	T52SAINC10
	Percentage of victims reporting to the police	T52SAREP90	T52SAREPS95	T52SAREPS00	T52SAREPS05	T52SAREP10
Robbery	Prevalence of victimization in last 12 months (Percentage of victims over the total number of persons interviewed)	T52ROPRE90	T52ROPRES95	T52ROPRES00	T52ROPRES05	T52ROPRE10
	Incidence of victimization in last 12 months (Number of incidents per 100 persons interviewed)	T52ROINC90	T52ROINCS95	T52ROINCS00	T52ROINCS05	T52ROINC10
	Percentage of victims reporting to the police	T52ROREP90	T52ROREPS95	T52ROREPS00	T52ROREPS05	T52ROREP10
Theft of personal property	Prevalence of victimization in last 12 months (Percentage of victims over the total number of persons interviewed)	T52THPRE90	T52THPRES95	T52THPRES00	T52THPRES05	T52THPRE10
	Incidence of victimization in last 12 months (Number of incidents per 100 persons interviewed)	T52THINC90	T52THINCS95	T52THINCS00	T52THINCS05	T52THINC10
	Percentage of victims reporting to the police	T52THREP90	T52THREPS95	T52THREPS00	T52THREPS05	T52THREP10

Theft of a motor vehicle	Prevalence of victimization in last 12 months (Percentage of victims over the total number of car-owning households interviewed)	T52TVPRE90	T52TVPRES95	T52TVPRES00	T52TVPRES05	T52TVPRE10
	Incidence of victimization in last 12 months (Number of incidents per 100 car-owning households interviewed)	T52TVINC90	T52VINCS95	T52VINCS00	T52VINCS05	T52TVINC10
	Percentage of victims reporting to the police	T52TVREP90	T52TVREPS95	T52TVREPS00	T52TVREPS05	T52TVREP10
Domestic burglary	Prevalence of victimization in last 12 months (Percentage of victims over the total number of households interviewed)	T52BDPRE90	T52BDPRES95	T52BDPRES00	T52BDPRES05	T52BDPRE10
	Incidence of victimization in last 12 months (Number of incidents per 100 households interviewed)	T52BDINC90	T52BDINCS95	T52BDINCS00	T52BDINCS05	T52BDINC10
	Percentage of victims reporting to the police	T52BDREP90	T52BDREPS95	T52BDREPS00	T52BDREPS05	T52BDREP10
Corruption	Prevalence of victimization in last 12 months (Percentage of victims over the total number of persons interviewed)	T52COPRE90	T52COPRES95	T52COPRES00	T52COPRES05	T52COPRE10
	Incidence of victimization in last 12 months (Number of incidents per 100 persons interviewed)	T52COINC90	T52COINCS95	T52COINCS00	T52COINCS05	T52COINC10
	Percentage of victims reporting to the police	T52COREP90	T52COREPS95	T52COREPS00	T52COREPS05	T52COREP10
Trust in the police	Percentage of the public who believe police are doing a good job or a very good job in controlling crime in the local area	T52TPPRE90	T52TPPRES95	T52TPPRES00	T52TPPRES05	T52TPPRE10
Feelings of safety	Percentage of the respondents feeling unsafe or very unsafe on the street after dark	T52FSPRE90	T52FSPRES95	T52FSPRES00	T52FSPRES05	T52FSPRE10

Source of the data in Tables 5.1 and 5.2 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

ST5211

Comments on Table 5.2 – see General Remarks (paragraph 3)

CT5211

Comments on the Questionnaire

Please mention:

- a) If the data being collected in this survey will be useful in your country
- b) Any suggestions for improvements for future surveys

CQ11

Thank you for your help in completing this Questionnaire.